SOUTHERN
METHODIST
UNIVERSITY

THE SCHOOL OF LAW
Catalog Number: Part VI

1958-59
The following bulletins comprise the General Catalog of the University and may be obtained by writing the Office of Admissions:

Part I—General Information
Part II—The College of Arts and Sciences
Part III—The School of Business Administration
Part IV—The School of Engineering
Part V—The School of Music
Part VI—The School of Law
Part VII—Perkins School of Theology
Part VIII—The Graduate School
Part IX—The Summer Session
Part X—Administration and Supplementary Information
THE SCHOOL OF LAW

Catalog Number: Part VI

The Undergraduate Program

The Graduate School of American and Foreign Law

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SCHOOL OF LAW CALENDAR

SUMMER SESSION, 1958

June 4—Wednesday: Registration of students in the Day Division, Room 32, Storey Hall, 8:30 a.m. to 10:30 a.m.

Registration of students in the Evening Division, Room 32, Storey Hall, 7 p.m. to 9 p.m.

June 5—Thursday: First day of instruction.

June 7—Saturday: Last day for registration and payments of accounts.

June 10—Tuesday: Last day for adding courses.

June 12—Thursday: Last day for dropping courses.

July 4—Friday: Holiday.

August 22—Friday: Official close of the term.

Offices of the University will be closed on July 4.

FALL SEMESTER, 1958-59

September 15-18—Monday-Thursday: Issuing of registration permits and packets for new and continuation students.

September 17, 18, 19—Wednesday, Thursday, Friday: Registration.

September 22—Monday: First day of instruction.

September 23—Tuesday: All University Convocation.

September 29—Monday: Last day for late registration, for adding courses and for payment of accounts.

October 6—Monday: Last day for dropping courses without penalty.

November 8—Saturday: Homecoming.

November 27-28—Thursday-Friday: Thanksgiving recess.

December 1—Monday: Classes resume, 8:00 a.m.

December 22-January 3—Monday-Saturday, inclusive: Christmas recess.

January 5—Monday: Classes resume, 8:00 a.m.

January 27—Tuesday: Official close of the semester.

Offices of the University will be closed September 1; November 27; December 24, 25, 26; January 1.
The School of Law Calendar

SPRING SEMESTER, 1958-59

January 28-30—Wednesday-Friday: Issuing of registration permits and packets for all new and continuation students.

January 29-31—Thursday-Saturday: Registration.

February 2—Monday: First day of instruction.

February 9—Monday: Last day for late registration, for adding courses and for payment of accounts.

February 16—Monday: Last day for dropping courses without penalty.

March 26-31—Thursday-Tuesday, inclusive: Easter recess.

April 1—Wednesday: Classes resume, 8:00 a.m.

April 14—Tuesday: Academic Honors' Day Convocation (scholastic).

April 13-18—Monday-Saturday: Lawyers' Week.

April 30—Thursday: Student Activities Recognition Convocation.

May 27—Wednesday: Official close of the semester.

May 31—Sunday: Baccalaureate Services.

June 1—Monday: Graduation exercises.
ADMINISTRATION AND FACULTY

ADMINISTRATION

Umphrey Lee, Ph.D., D.D., Litt.D., LL.D., Chancellor of the University
Willis M. Tate, A.M., LL.D., L.H.D., President of the University
Hemphill M. Hosford, Ph.D., Provost of the University
Trent C. Root, M.B.A., LL.D., Vice-President and Controller of the University
Sterling F. Wheeler, B.D., D.D., Vice-President in Charge of Development and Public Relations
Robert Gerald Storey, A.B., LL.D., Dean of the School of Law
Charles Shirley Potts, M.A., LL.B., S.J.D., Dean Emeritus
John Wilks Riehm, Jr., B.S., J.D., Assistant Dean
Gordon R. Carpenter, B.S., LL.B., Executive Director, Southwestern Legal Foundation and Administrative Assistant to the Dean
William E. Broome, B.S., M.S., Director, Public Relations
Armine C. Ernst, B.A., LL.B., Administrative Editor, Oil and Gas Reporter
Martha Joe Stroud, B.A., LL.B., Executive Secretary, Southwestern Legal Foundation
Jo Ann Smith, Secretary to the Dean
Norma Decker, Secretary to the Assistant Dean
Teresa Drobil, Recording Secretary
Beverly Redfearn, Admissions Secretary
Willie Thompson
Mary Nelle Jeffers
Gayle Himmel

FACULTY*

ALAN ROBERT BROMBERG, A.B., LL.B. Assistant Professor of Law
A.B., 1949, Harvard University; LL.B., 1952, Yale University; private practice in Dallas since 1952; military service 1952-1954; Southern Methodist University since 1955.

GORDON R. CARPENTER, B.S., LL.B. Assistant Professor of Law, Executive Director, Southwestern Legal Foundation, and Administrative Assistant to the Dean
B.S., 1940, North Texas State College; LL.B., 1948, Southern Methodist University; Special Agent, Federal Bureau of Investigation, 1941-1946; Southern Methodist University and Southwestern Legal Foundation since 1947.

*The faculty is listed alphabetically.
Faculty

Julio Cesar Cueto-Rua, J.S.D., LL.M.  Professor of Law and Associate Director, Law Institute of the Americas
J.S.D., 1948, Facultad de Derecho, Universidad Nacional de La Plata; LL.M. in Comparative Law, Southern Methodist University, 1953; private practice in Buenos Aires, Argentina, 1943-1952; member of Facultad de Derecho, Universidad Nacional de La Plata 1946-1948; Graduate Fellow, Law Institute of the Americas, Southern Methodist University 1952-1953; Southern Methodist University since 1953.

Harvey L. Davis, A.B., LL.B.  Professor of Law and Director of Moot Court Activities
A.B., 1937, University of Akron; LL.B., 1940, Southern Methodist University; Special Agent and Supervisory Agent, Federal Bureau of Investigation, 1940-1946; private practice in Dallas, 1946-1947; Southern Methodist University since 1946.

Clay Emery, A.B., LL.B.  Professor of Law and Associate Director, Academy of American Law
A.B., 1921, University of Wisconsin; Rhodes Scholar at Oxford University, 1921-1923; LL.B., 1930, Harvard University; general practice in Dallas, 1930-1936; Associate Professor of Law, Baylor University, 1936-1938; umpire in labor disputes between North American Aviation and U.A.W.-C.I.O., 1944-1945; Southern Methodist University since 1938.

Charles O’Neill Galvin, B.S.C., M.B.A., J.D.  Professor of Law and Director, General Graduate Studies

Hernando Gomez, S.J.D. (Civil Law), LL.M. (Comparative Law)  Assistant Professor of Law and Assistant Director, Law Institute of the Americas

Julio J. Gottheil, LL.B., S.J.D., LL.M.  Assistant Professor

Arthur Leon Harding, A.B., J.D., S.J.D.  Professor of Law
A.B., 1924, University of Arkansas; J.D., 1927, University of Michigan; S.J.D., 1932, Harvard University; Assistant and Associate Professor of Law, 1927-1933, Southern Methodist University; Brandeis Research Fellow, Harvard Law School, 1931-1932; Professor of Law, University of Idaho,
The School of Law

1933-1940; military service, 1940-1946, serving as Executive, Montana and Idaho Military District, in office of Chief of Staff, U. S. Army, and as Chief of Operations, Army Ground Forces; Southern Methodist University since 1946.

LENNART VERNON LARSON, B.S., J.D., S.J.D. Professor of Law and Director of Employment and Placement

B.S., 1933, J.D., 1936, University of Washington; S.J.D., 1942, University of Michigan; Assistant, Associate and Professor of Law, Baylor University, 1938-1944; Public Member, Eighth Regional War Labor Board, Dallas, 1942-1944; Attorney with National War Labor Board, 1944-1945; Counsel, Research Development Division, New Mexico School of Mines, 1945-1946; Southern Methodist University since 1946.

WILMER DALLAM MASTERSON, JR., LL.B. Professor of Law, and Director of Practice Court

LL.B., 1931, University of Texas; general practice in San Antonio, 1931-1934; Legal Department Home Owners Loan Association, 1934-1936; Legal Department Shell Petroleum Co., 1936-1944; general practice in Dallas, 1944-1947; Southern Methodist University since 1947.

JOSEPH WEBB MCKNIGHT, B.A., M.A., B.C.L. Associate Professor of Law and Director of Legal Aid


ROY ROBERT RAY, A.B., LL.B., S.J.D. Professor of Law, Supervisor of Instruction and Director, Academy of American Law

A.B., 1924, Centre College; LL.B., 1928, University of Kentucky; S.J.D., 1930, University of Michigan; Research Fellow, University of Michigan, 1928-1929 and Summer, 1930; Visiting Professor, Vanderbilt University, 1937-1939; University of Colorado, Summer, 1931; University of Michigan, Summer, 1938; on leave of absence, 1942-1946, serving successively as Regional Rationing Attorney, Regional Rent Attorney, O.P.A., and Chief Hearing Commissioner, Office of Administrative Hearings; Southern Methodist University since 1929.

JOHN WILKS RIEHM, JR., B.S., J.D. Professor of Law and Chairman of Admissions


ALAN M. SINCLAIR, LL.B., LL.M. Assistant Professor of Law, Assistant Director, Law Institute of the Americas

LL.B., 1956, Dalhousie University; LL.M., 1957, Southern Methodist
Robert Gerald Storey, A.B., LL.D.  Professor of Law

General practice, 1914-1921 and 1924 to date; Assistant Attorney General of Texas in charge of Criminal Appeals, 1921-1923; Regent, University of Texas, 1924-1930; President, Bar Association of Dallas, 1934; Chairman Section of Legal Education, American Bar Association, 1937-1939; served in World Wars I and II; Executive Counsel to Justice Robert H. Jackson, Trial of Major Axis War Criminals, Nuremberg, 1945-1946; Director, State Bar of Texas, 1947-1948, 1949-1950, President, 1948-1949; President, Southwestern Legal Foundation since 1947; Member, House of Delegates and Member, Board of Governors, American Bar Association, 1949-1952; President, 1952-1953; President, Inter-American Bar Association, 1954-1956; Southern Methodist University since 1947.

A. J. Thomas, Jr., B.S., LL.B., LL.M., S.J.D.  Professor of Law and Director, Law Institute of the Americas

B.S., 1939, Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas; LL.B., 1943, University of Texas; LL.M., 1947, S.J.D., 1950, University of Michigan; Vice Consul, United States Foreign Service, 1943-1946; Southern Methodist University since 1947.

Charles W. Webster, Ph.B., LL.B.  Professor of Law, Faculty Editor, Southwestern Law Journal, and Director, Institute of Law Enforcement

Ph.B., 1942, Marquette University; LL.B., 1948, University of Wisconsin; Assistant and Associate Professor of Law, University of Buffalo, 1948-1953; Attorney, Legal Department, General Electric Co., 1953-1954; Southern Methodist University since 1954.

Moss Wimbee, A.B., LL.B.  Professor of Law and Faculty Advisor of Legal Aid

A.B., 1924, East Central State College of Oklahoma; LL.B., 1942, University of Oklahoma; taught in high school teaching, 1924-1938, Oklahoma and Colorado; private practice and County Judge, 1942-1946, Ada, Oklahoma; Southern Methodist University since 1946.

Harold G. Wren, A.B., LL.B., J.S.D.  Professor of Law


Library Staff

Hibernia Turbeville, B.A.  Law Librarian

B.A., 1930, East Texas State Teachers College; taught in public schools, Cooper, Texas, 1931-1942; attended University of Texas, 1943-1944; Columbia University School of Library Science, Summer, 1947; Assistant Law Librarian, University of Texas, 1944-1947; Southern Methodist University since 1947.
ELIZABETH C. TWITCHELL, B.A., B.S., M.A.  Assistant Law Librarian

B.A., University of Kentucky, 1931; B.S. in Library Science, Columbia University, 1932; M.A., University of Illinois Library School, 1941; Baldwin Public Library, Long Island, N. Y., 1933-1939; University of Illinois Library, 1940-1941; Business and Technology Dept., Trenton, N. J. Public Library, 1942-1944; Reference Librarian, Southern Methodist University, 1948-1952; Law Library, since 1953.

JOY S. BAKER, B.S., M.A.  Cataloger and Insurance Law Librarian

B.S., State Teachers College, Pittsburg, Kansas, 1922; Teacher in Public Schools Nebraska, Kansas, Oklahoma, and Missouri, 1922-1940; M.A. in Library Science, University of Denver, 1951; State Teachers College Library, Peru, Nebraska, 1946-1949; Hutchinson Public Library, 1951-1952; Oklahoma City Public Library, 1952-1953; Texas A. & M. College, 1953-1954; Southern Methodist University since 1954.

Joan Flynt
Marie Woodall  }  Clerical Assistants

LECTURERS

HENRY DAVID AKIN, A.B., LL.B.

A.B., 1922, Southwestern University; LL.B., 1925, University of Texas; practice in Dallas since 1925; Southern Methodist University since 1945.

WHITNEY R. HARRIS, A.B., LL.B.


LEO JAYE HOFFMAN, B.A., LL.B., LL.M.


PAUL MCCARROLL, LL.B.

LL.B., 1927, University of Texas; private practice in Dallas, 1927-1942; Legal Department, United States Army, 1942-1946; Associate Counsel, Southwestern Life Insurance Company, 1946-; Southern Methodist University since 1951.

WILLIAM S. RICHARDSON, B.A., LL.B., LL.M.

MARVIN S. SLOMAN, A.B., LL.B.

LAWRENCE R. TAYLOR, JR., B.S., J.D.
B.S., 1945, Tulane University; J.D., 1949, Indiana University; law clerk to Judge and Mr. Justice Minton, U.S.C.A. for the 7th Circuit and U.S. Supreme Court, 1949-1951; Lieutenant, U.S.N.R., 1943-1946; Southern Methodist University since 1956.

STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE FACULTY

ADMISSIONS: Riehm (Chairman), Bromberg, Galvin and Webster

CURRICULUM: Thomas (chairman), Galvin, Masterson, Ray, Riehm and Wren

SCHOLARSHIPS AND LOANS: Ray (Chairman), Davis and Webster

LIBRARY: Harding (Chairman), Bromberg, Masterson, McKnight and Turbeville

INSTITUTES, CONTINUING LEGAL EDUCATION, AND COURSES FOR LAYMEN: Carpenter (Chairman), Larson and Masterson

LEGAL AID: McKnight (Faculty Director), Wimbish, Faculty Advisor

FACULTY RESEARCH AND PUBLICATIONS: Thomas (Chairman), Harding and Ray

MEMBERS OF THE UNIVERSITY SENATE: Galvin, Larson, Ray, Riehm and Thomas

MEMBERS OF COMMITTEES OF THE UNIVERSITY SENATE:

Athletics: Larson

Discipline: Davis

Faculty Tenure: Ray (Chairman)


Schedule and Utilization of Space: Riehm

Scholarships and Loans: Harding

Special Lectures and Entertainment: Webster

Student Activities and Organizations: McKnight

University Convocations: Emery
LAW SCHOOL COMMITTEE OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Chief Justice John Edward Hickman, LL.B., Austin, Chairman
Frank M. Bailey, A.B., M.A., LL.B., Chickasha, Oklahoma
Judge Sam G. Bratton, LL.D., Albuquerque, New Mexico
William B. Hamilton, A.B., M.A., Wichita Falls
Gerald C. Mann, B.A., LL.B., Dallas
Charles B. Paine, A.B., LL.B., Grand Island, Nebraska
Bishop A. Frank Smith, B.A., D.D., LL.D., ex-officio, Houston
THE SCHOOL OF LAW of Southern Methodist University was established in February, 1925. In 1938 the Dallas School of Law, which was also established in 1925 by the Young Men's Christian Association, was merged with the School of Law of Southern Methodist University. Since that time the School of Law has operated a Day Division and an Evening Division. The School is a member of the Association of American Law Schools and is on the list of schools approved by the American Bar Association.

THE SOUTHWESTERN LEGAL FOUNDATION

The Southwestern Legal Foundation was organized in 1947 as a Texas non-profit corporation for the purpose of supporting legal education, projects in legal research, the improvement of the administration of justice and continuing legal education of practicing attorneys. It was through the generous efforts of the founders and members of the Southwestern Legal Foundation that the Legal Center was built. The Foundation offices are located in the Legal Center and it is here that most of its activities are carried out.

The Southwestern Legal Foundation has been the moving force behind the establishment of the Graduate School of American and Foreign Law, described elsewhere in this bulletin. The Foundation has lent its financial support to the School of Law through supplements to faculty salaries and through research grants to particular faculty members. In addition, it has afforded to students in the School of Law an opportunity to participate in the numerous institute programs sponsored annually. These institutes give law students an opportunity to visit with and hear lectures by prominent attorneys speaking at institutes on oil and gas law, taxation, personal injury litigation, labor law and jurisprudence.

The Foundation, in carrying out its mission, is constantly engaged in exploring new fields of endeavor. As an example of its most recent effort, it has established through a special committee liaison with the Southwestern Medical Foundation in an effort to explore more fully the relationship between legal and medical problems. The product of this exploration will be reflected in further institutes and, it is thought, in the possible establishment of certain joint programs of study for law students and medical students in the field of medical jurisprudence.
The School of Law

THE LEGAL CENTER

The School of Law is located in the Legal Center on the northwest corner of the University campus, within the city limits of University Park, approximately six miles from the business center of Dallas. The School of Law buildings (pictured elsewhere in this bulletin) include Storey Hall, Florence Hall and the Lawyers Inn. Funds contributed to the Southwestern Legal Foundation by lawyers financed the construction of Lawyers Inn, and funds provided by businessmen made possible Storey Hall. A generous gift from Mr. Karl Hoblitzelle of Dallas enabled the University to remodel and furnish completely the third building, now named Florence Hall in honor of Mr. Fred F. Florence, Dallas financier. The family of the late Maco Stewart, Sr., gave funds which made possible the beautiful courtroom named in his honor. The Lawyers Inn is a modern Inns of Court. It provides living quarters and dining facilities for seventy-five students, and contains a lounge and a recreation room as well as a faculty dining room and several guest rooms for visiting attorneys. Florence Hall contains the Law School classrooms, a courtroom, offices of the Legal Aid Clinic, offices of the Institute of Law Enforcement, study rooms and rooms for student activities. The main building, Storey Hall, houses the several libraries, the administrative and faculty offices of the Law School, offices of the Southwestern Legal Foundation, the Southwestern Law Journal, several seminar rooms, a large auditorium, a student lounge and a public lounge. The buildings are of modified Georgian architecture, conforming to the style of all permanent buildings on the campus. These facilities provide the Law School with a physical plant unsurpassed in the South or Southwest. The classrooms and courtroom are commodious and well appointed. The three large reading rooms in the main building provide a place for study and research under ideal conditions.

THE LAW LIBRARY

The Law Library, housed in Storey Hall, contains approximately 65,000 volumes, carefully selected to avoid unnecessary duplications and to insure the greatest possible usefulness. Accessions are made at the rate of approximately 5,000 volumes a year, with special attention being given to materials in the fields of Oil and Gas, Taxation, Insurance, International Law, Comparative Law, and Jurisprudence. Emphasis is also placed on Latin American legal publications. Codes, periodicals and outstanding treatises have been acquired from most of the Latin American countries. The library contains all reported cases of the Federal Courts and all reported cases of the State Courts as well as all English cases from
the time of Henry VIII. There are also collections of the reported cases from the principal countries of the British Commonwealth, including Ireland, Scotland, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa and Canada.

The Library has complete files of one hundred and sixty-three leading legal periodicals. It currently subscribes to four hundred periodicals of which ninety-eight are from foreign countries. The statutory collection includes the current statute law of the United States and of all of the states. The rules, regulations and decisions of the administrative agencies of the federal government are kept current. The Library has excellent collections of treatises, encyclopedias, digests, citators and loose-leaf services which make it a valuable working laboratory for the students. Several copies of all leading textbooks are available. There are many texts on the subjects of government, economics, international relations and business in the collection.

Fondren Library, a handsomely appointed and air-conditioned building, houses the general library. It is arranged for maximum convenience and research. Its reading rooms are available to law students at all times.

LAWYERS INN

The Lawyers Inn provides residence accommodations for seventy-five unmarried law students in single and double suites. Rates per semester are $125 per man in a double room; $150 per man in a single room. Preference in the choice of rooms is given to graduates, third-year, second-year and first-year students, in that order. Applications for residence must be made on the form provided by the Lawyers Inn and must be accompanied by a deposit of $50. Approval of application is not given until the applicant is accepted for admission to the Law School. A bulletin describing the Lawyers Inn may be obtained by writing The Director, Lawyers Inn, Southern Methodist University. Students living in Lawyers Inn are required to take their meals there. Cost of meals is $200 per semester.*

OTHER LIVING ACCOMMODATIONS

Rooms for women are available in the several dormitories at $125, $135, and $150 per semester. Inquiries concerning living accommodations for married students should be addressed to the Director of Housing, Boaz Hall, Southern Methodist University, who maintains a list of acceptable accommodations.

*All rates are subject to change at the beginning of any semester.
PRE-LEGAL STUDIES

The School of Law does not prescribe a fixed course of prelegal study, but does examine the records of each applicant for admission to determine whether the undergraduate courses taken reflect adequate preparation for the study of law. So far as the student is free to elect courses, he should seek a well-rounded program, incorporating therein to the greatest extent practicable such of the following subjects as are not prescribed: English History, American History, Mathematics, Literature, Economics, Philosophy and Ethics, Political Science or Government, and Accounting. If a foreign language is taken it should be Latin. Particular attention should be devoted to the development of facility and style in clear and forceful use of the English language. Persons seeking advice concerning pre-law study should contact Professor Charles W. Webster of the Law School faculty who is the University pre-law advisor.

THE UNDERGRADUATE PROGRAM

METHOD OF INSTRUCTION

The primary purpose of the Law School is the preparation of the student for the practice of law. The curriculum combines training in the science and method of the law, knowledge of the body of the law, and practical experience in the handling of professional problems. It also explores the relationship and responsibility of the lawyer to other segments of society.

The theoretical aspects are imparted by the case and problem methods of instruction. The case method involves the thorough analysis of selected cases, statutes and other materials, and the discussion of legal principles deduced therefrom. Students are introduced to the materials they will use in the practice of law, and learn to make distinctions and to reason by analogy.

In the problem method, students read substantial portions of subject matter in the form of text, cases, statutes, and legal instruments, in preparation for class. The information so acquired is organized and supplemented by lecture, and students work out solutions to problems related to the material assigned. Written solutions may be required. Typical of the courses using the problem method is that portion of the curriculum concerning the devolution of property and the planning and administration of estates.

This method will be extended to other portions of the curriculum, with variations made necessary by differences in subject matter.
Until this eventual change has taken place, the case method will remain the basic method of instruction.

Practical experience is gained not only through the problem method of instruction, but also through such courses as Practice Court, Appellate Advocacy, Legal Writing, Legal Aid, and by work as student editors of the Southwestern Law Journal. The content of each of these courses is detailed in the Description of Courses section at pp. 30-36.

Throughout the curriculum, every effort is made to keep the classes as small as possible, and thereby give students the advantage of individual attention and close personal relations with their professors. Instruction in certain fields of law is given by active practitioners and lecturers chosen for their special fitness for the particular subjects.
ADMISSION
REQUIREMENTS

Dates of Admission. Beginning students are admitted in the Fall Semester only.

Application for Admission. Application for admission should be made well in advance of the date of intended enrollment. Application must be in writing on forms supplied by the School of Law. The application must be supported by transcripts from all colleges attended by the applicant and by college questionnaires and letters of recommendation on forms supplied by the School of Law. A person filing an application while still enrolled in his pre-legal studies should file transcripts showing the pre-legal work completed to date, and the courses in which he is enrolled at the date of application.

Law School Admission Test. Candidates for admission to the first year class must take the Law School Admission Test administered by the Educational Testing Service, Princeton, New Jersey. Application blanks for the test together with complete details about the administration as well as practice questions may be obtained by writing to: Law School Admission Test, Educational Testing Service, 20 Nassau Street, Princeton, New Jersey.

Candidates are urged to take the test before June 1 next preceding the fall semester in which they seek admission.

Admission by Selection. Admission to the School of Law is by selection based upon the academic record of the applicant and other available data. The School reserves the right to reject any applicant without statement of reason.

Credit Requirements. To be considered for admission, an applicant must have been granted a bachelor's degree from an accredited college or university, or must have completed not less than ninety (90) semester-hours of credit toward a bachelor's degree, earned in residence in an accredited college or university. The ninety (90) hour minimum requirement shall be exclusive of credits earned in non-theory courses in military science, physical education, hygiene, domestic arts, vocal and instrumental music, teaching methods and techniques, shop work, vocational agriculture, flight training, stenography, salesmanship, dramatics, advertising, engineering, or other courses without substantive content appropriate to the study of law. Courses in Business Law and related fields are not considered desirable pre-legal study. Credit earned by correspondence is not acceptable in the ninety semester-hour minimum requirement. Effective September, 1959, all applicants must either hold a degree or have completed the first
three years of a six-year combination course in Law and Arts or Law and Business Administration in order to be eligible for admission.

**Grade Requirements.** The applicant must have a weighted average of not less than C in all work of college grade attempted and in which a grade, either passing or failing, has been recorded before his application for admission will be considered. Courses for which pre-legal credit is not allowed, as stated in the paragraph next preceding, are not included in computing the average. Where courses have been repeated, both grades are included in the computation.

**READMISSION OF FORMER STUDENTS**

Students who have withdrawn from the School of Law while in good standing will be readmitted subject to the following limitations.

Students who withdraw before completing their first semester or term of law study may apply for readmission in the Fall Semester only. Students who completed one semester or term may apply for readmission at the beginning of the Spring Semester only. Students who have completed two or more semesters or terms prior to withdrawal may apply for readmission at the beginning of either semester or a summer session.

Students who apply for readmission within the following periods will be readmitted without reexamination of their entrance credentials: Those who withdrew before earning twelve semester-hours credit, within twelve calendar months from the date of withdrawal; those who withdrew after earning twelve or more semester-hours credit, within twenty-four calendar months from the date of withdrawal. In computing these periods there will not be included any period or periods in which the student was on active duty with any of the armed services of the United States, or any period in which the student was licensed and engaged in the practice of law in this or another state. Students who apply for readmission after the expiration of the periods stated will be required to comply with the requirements for admission and graduation in effect at the date of readmission.

**ADMISSION TO ADVANCED STANDING**

*Persons Eligible.* A student who has completed successfully a part of the law course in another law school (which was at the time of such study a member of the Association of American Law Schools, or approved by the Section on Legal Education of the American Bar Association) may apply for admission with advanced standing. The student must also have met the admission requirements of this
law school at the time he began the study of law. Students who have been excluded from or are on probation at another law school are ineligible.

**Dates of Admission.** Transfer students who have completed two or more terms of work in another law school may be admitted in the summer session or in either semester of the long session. An applicant who has completed only one term elsewhere should submit a list of law courses taken and inquire concerning possible dates of admission.

**Application.** Application for admission with advanced standing must be made in writing. It must be supported by transcripts from all colleges and law schools previously attended. Good standing in the law school last attended must be established by letter from the Dean of that school, either filed with the application or submitted at the time of enrollment in this school.

**Advanced Credit.** Advanced credit for work completed in another law school will be determined by the Admissions Committee. Advanced credit will not be granted for a course completed in another law school with a grade below C or its equivalent.

**Minimum Residence Requirement.** A student admitted with advanced standing may not qualify for a degree from the School of Law until he shall have completed satisfactorily at least two semesters' study in the Day Division or three semesters' study in the Evening Division of the School of Law.

**ADMISSION TO GRADUATE COURSES**

The requirements for admission to graduate courses are set out on page 39 infra.

**AUDITORS**

Members of the State Bar of Texas or graduates of an approved law school may be enrolled as Auditors in specific courses. Auditors take no examination and receive no credit for work taken.

**THE STUDENT WHO EARNED HIS WAY**

The Day Division curriculum is arranged and the work assigned on the assumption that students will give all their time to work in the School. In this connection, attention of the applicant is called to the fact that classes are usually conducted from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily. Only the exceptional student may expect to complete the work required for the degree in the three-year period, if he is
compelled to devote a part of his time to employment for self-support. Experience shows that the student of average ability who attempts to carry the full legal curriculum and a large amount of outside employment finds the burden too heavy, with consequent injury to health or to the thoroughness of his professional preparation. Students who are required to be substantially or wholly self-supporting while in law school are advised to enroll in the Evening Division.
ADMINISTRATIVE RULES AND REGULATIONS

REGISTRATION

Registration Periods. Students who fail to register during the announced registration periods will be charged a late registration fee of $5.00. No registration will be permitted after the close of the fifth day of instruction in a semester, or after the close of the third day of instruction in a summer session.

Minimum and Maximum Hours. Unless a lesser number of hours will meet residence and graduation requirements, minimum registration is: 10 semester-hours per semester or 7 semester-hours per summer session in the Day Division; 6 semester-hours per semester or 4 semester-hours per summer session in the Evening Division. Maximum registration is: 15 semester-hours per semester or 10 semester-hours per summer session in the Day Division; 10 semester-hours per semester or 6 semester-hours per summer session (except that the Dean for good cause may permit registration not to exceed 12 semester-hours per semester or 8 semester-hours per summer session) in the Evening Division.

Class Attendance Without Registration. Attendance in classes is prohibited unless a student is registered in the course.

Adding and Dropping Courses. Courses may be added or dropped only with the written approval of the Dean. If a course is discontinued without the written approval of the Dean, a failing grade (WF) will be entered. Adding of courses will not be permitted after the close of the fifth day of instruction in a semester or after the close of the third day of instruction in a summer session. A course may be dropped without penalty during the first two weeks of a semester or the first week of a summer session; in any course dropped thereafter the student will receive a failing grade (WF). A charge of $1.00 is made for adding or dropping a course.

CLASSROOM WORK AND ATTENDANCE

Classroom Work. The instructor may, with the consent of the Dean, drop a student from a course for poor classroom work done therein or for improper conduct in the classroom. In such case the student will receive a failing grade (WF) in the course.

Absences. Leaves of absence are not permitted and excuses for absences are not accepted. A student registering late is charged for absences from all class sessions prior to the date of registration. No penalty is assessed for the first fifteen hours of class absences for a
student enrolled in the Day Division, or for the first ten hours of
class absences for a student enrolled in the Evening Division, in any
one semester in all courses taken, but for each additional hour’s ab-
sence a student’s credit toward graduation will be diminished by
1/10 of 1 semester-hour (absences incurred in courses which are
dropped or failed, or in which the final examination is not permitted
to be taken on account of excessive absences, will not be counted in
computing this penalty). A student will not be permitted to take
the final examination in a course from which he has been absent
more than ¼ of the class-hours, regardless of the cause of such ab-
sences. In such case a failing grade (WF) is entered.

Absences from Quizzes. A student who fails to take a previously
announced quiz may not continue the course unless excused by the
Dean for good cause shown in writing (in advance if possible). If a
student is excused from a quiz his grade in the course will be
determined as though the quiz had not been scheduled.

Absences from Examinations. A student unable to take a final
examination at the time scheduled, because of illness or other un-
avoidable cause must, as early as possible (in advance if practicable),
notify the Dean in writing of such absence and the reason therefor.
The Dean, in conference with the instructor, will pass upon the
reason and notify the student of his decision. If the reason be found
sufficient, the student may take the examination with the class
when it is next given. The Dean will authorize a special examina-
tion at a time to be fixed by the instructor only under exceptional
circumstances.

GRADES AND CREDITS

The minimum passing grade is 60. The final grade in a course
is based upon written examinations and other required written
work. No final examination paper will be regraded or returned to
a student. Re-examination is not authorized. A student who fails
to pass a required subject may repeat the course but is not required
to do so except where failure is due to dropping or being excluded
from the course.

D Grades. D grades are between 60 and 69, both inclusive. The
total of D-grade work which a student may count toward a law
degree in any scholastic year (two semesters) or summer session shall
not exceed ⅓ of the total hours for which he is registered during
the period involved. A student may, with permission of the Dean
and the instructor, repeat a subject in which he has a final grade
between 60 and 69, but by so doing waives all right to have the
grade theretofore made in such subject counted toward his degree.

Method of Computing Averages. The grade in each course will
be weighted in proportion to the semester-hours credit assigned to the course. In computing the average there will be included failures from dropped courses and the grades from all other courses in which the student has taken the final examination or received a final grade, regardless of whether credit in a particular course is required to meet the minimum requirements for graduation. Where a course is repeated both grades will be entered in computing the overall average. Where the student receives a failing grade (WF) because of dropping or being excluded from a course, that grade will be entered as 40 in computing his average.

RESIDENCE

Day Division: A candidate for graduation must have been in residence for not less than six semesters and one summer session (at least 107 weeks). To constitute residence in the Day Division the candidate must have been registered for not less than 10 semester-hours in a semester or for not less than 7 semester-hours in a summer session, and must have passed not less than 9 semester-hours in a semester or not less than 6 semester-hours in a summer session.

Evening Division: A candidate for graduation must have been in residence for not less than eight semesters and two summer sessions (at least 150 weeks). To constitute residence in the Evening Division, the candidate must have been registered for and passed not less than 6 semester-hours in a semester or 4 semester-hours in a summer session.

If a student is registered for but fails to pass the minimum number of hours required for residence, he will be granted fractional residence credit in proportion to the amount of work passed. Residence cannot be earned in repeated courses if earned when the course was first taken.

Where a student transfers from one Division to the other, one semester's residence in the Evening Division will be considered as 3/4 of a semester in the Day Division; and one semester's residence in the Day Division will be considered 4/3 of a semester in the Evening Division.

ACADEMIC FAILURE AND PROBATION

In the following Regulation, "semester" shall be construed to include a summer session of 10 or more weeks; "upperclassman" shall be construed to mean one who has completed two semesters with an overall grade average of 70 or more. For the method of computing grade averages, see page 23.
AUTOMATIC EXCLUSION

First Year Students

1. Any student whose overall grade average at the end of the first semester is less than 60 shall be excluded automatically. He may be readmitted in a subsequent fall semester as a beginning student. Any other student may withdraw voluntarily at the end of the first semester, and may reenter in a subsequent fall semester as a beginning student. Students reentering law school under this paragraph will not be given credit for courses completed prior to exclusion or withdrawal, and grades earned in those courses will not be counted in computing grade averages. Any student readmitted under this paragraph who does not have an overall average of 70 at the end of his second semester following readmission will be excluded automatically; he will not be readmitted. A student will be readmitted under this paragraph only once.

2. Any student whose overall grade average at the end of the first two semesters is less than 65 shall be excluded automatically; he will not be readmitted.

3. Any student whose overall grade average at the end of the first two semesters is less than 68, but not less than 65, shall be excluded automatically; he may be readmitted as a beginning student in a subsequent fall semester. In case of readmission under this paragraph the student will be classified for all purposes as a beginning student and will not be given credit for any courses completed prior to exclusion, and grades earned in those courses will not be counted in computing grade averages. Any student readmitted under this paragraph who does not have an overall average of 70 at the end of his second semester following readmission will be excluded automatically; he will not be readmitted.

Upperclassmen

Any student whose overall grade average at any time falls below 68 shall be excluded automatically; he will not be readmitted.

PROBATION

First Year Students

Any student whose overall grade average at the end of the first two semesters is less than 70, but not less than 68, shall be placed on probation. If he makes an average of 72 or more in his next semester in school, and his overall grade average continues to be less than 70, he will become an upperclassman on probation. If he fails to make an average of 72 in his next semester in school he will be excluded automatically. Unless his overall grade average
at exclusion is below 55 he may be readmitted as a beginning student in a subsequent fall semester. In case of readmission under this paragraph the student will be classified for all purposes as a beginning student and will not be given credit for any courses completed prior to exclusion, and grades earned in those courses will not be counted in computing grade averages. Any student readmitted under this paragraph who does not have an overall average of 70 at the end of his second semester following readmission will be excluded automatically; he will not be readmitted.

Upperclassmen

1. Any student whose overall grade average at any time is less than 70, but not less than 68, shall be on probation. Any probationary student whose current grade average in any semester is less than 70 will be excluded automatically. He will not be readmitted to the Law School.

2. A Day Division student on probation shall not register for more than 12 semester-hours in a fall or spring semester; an Evening Division student on probation shall not register for more than 7 semester-hours in a fall or spring semester.

DISCIPLINE

Students in the School of Law are subject to the general disciplinary regulations of the University, as well as the special regulations of the Faculty of the School of Law. The Faculty reserves the right to terminate the attendance of any student at any time, or to remove from the list of candidates for the degree the name of any student whom it may deem unworthy on account of neglect of study, incapacity for the law, or deficiency in conduct or character not in keeping with the standards of Southern Methodist University and of the legal profession. Any person who registers in the School agrees to this reserved right.

REQUIREMENTS FOR GRADUATION

All candidates for the degree of Bachelor of Laws must satisfy the following requirements:

1. Residence of 107 weeks in the Day Division or 150 weeks in the Evening Division. This can be acquired in the Day Division in not less than six semesters and one summer session, and in the Evening Division in not less than eight semesters and two summer sessions. The summer session in the Day Division must follow the first year's study. In the Evening Division summer sessions must
follow each of the first two years of study. (As to what constitutes residence, see page 24 supra.)

2. The last two semesters of Day Division residence must be acquired in this school. The last three semesters of Evening Division residence must be acquired in this school.

3. Eighty-four semester-hours' credit with an overall grade average of not less than 70. (For the method of computing averages, see page 23 supra.)

4. All required courses must have been taken.

The Faculty reserves the right to change the schedule of courses required for graduation. However, when a required course is inserted in the curriculum at a point already passed by the student he will not be required to go back and take that course.

5. A candidate may offer toward the fulfilment of the stated requirements for the degree only those courses which were completed by him in this or another approved law school within the six calendar years next preceding the intended date of graduation if he has been enrolled in the Day Division or another full time law school, eight calendar years if he has been enrolled in the Evening Division or another part-time law school. In computing the period there shall not be included therein any period or periods in which the candidate was on active duty with any of the armed services of the United States, or any period in which the candidate was licensed and engaged in the active practice of law in this or another state.

6. The student's use of English must be satisfactory.

7. Except for the limitation under rules regarding readmission of former students a student must meet the hour and residence requirements for graduation in effect at the time he enters law school. The student will not be affected by subsequent changes in graduation requirements.

HONORS

Candidates for the LL.B. degree having the highest average grade, not to exceed ten per cent of the graduating class, may, by vote of the faculty, be awarded the degree, cum laude, magna cum laude or summa cum laude. No one shall be eligible for honors who shall have taken elsewhere more than one-third of the work offered for the degree. The average grade shall be based on work done in this school only; but to receive the degree with honors a transfer from another college must have at least a B average in law courses in the school previously attended.
The School of Law

SCHEDULE OF COURSES 1958-59

The School operates on the plan of two semesters of sixteen weeks each and a summer session of eleven weeks. For 1958-59 the dates of these sessions are: Summer Session, June 4 to August 22, 1958; Fall Semester, September 18, 1958, to January 27, 1959; Spring Semester, January 31 to May 27, 1959.

All Day Division students are required to spend a minimum of six semesters and one summer session in residence (at least 107 weeks) and complete a total of 84 semester-hours of work. The required summer's residence must follow the first year's study except in rare instances where permission is obtained to use the second summer.

All Evening Division students are required to spend a minimum of eight semesters and two summer sessions in residence (at least 150 weeks) and complete a total of 84 semester-hours of work. The summer session residence must follow each of the first two years except in rare instances where permission is obtained to use a later summer.

For the year 1958-59 the faculty proposes to offer the courses listed below. The Arabic numeral opposite each course indicates the number of semester-hours of credit. Every effort will be made to adhere to this program, but intervening circumstances may necessitate minor changes. Persons interested in particular courses should inquire about them shortly before the beginning of the semester or session for which they are announced.

### SUMMER SESSION 1958

**DAY DIVISION**

**Compulsory for Students Who Have Completed the First Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Commercial Transactions</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Land Titles</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Damages</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Legal Writing</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marital Rights and Community Property</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Compulsory for All Other Students**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Problems of Corporate Changes</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**EVENING DIVISION**

**Compulsory for Students Who Have Completed the First Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Constitutional Law</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Legal Accounting</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Compulsory for Students Who Have Completed Two Years**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Marital Rights and Community Property</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trusts</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Compulsory for All Other Students**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appellate Advocacy</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Labor Law</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Legal Writing</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patent Law</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wills and Estates</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The Undergraduate Program

FALL AND SPRING SEMESTERS 1958-59

**DAY DIVISION**

### FIRST YEAR (All Courses Required)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fall Semester</th>
<th>Spring Semester</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Contracts I</td>
<td>Contracts II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crimes</td>
<td>Equity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Legal History and Philosophy</td>
<td>Legislation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property I</td>
<td>Property II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Torts I</td>
<td>Torts II</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### SECOND YEAR (All Courses Required)

| Appellate Advocacy or Legal Writing | 1 |
| Business Associations I            | 2 |
| Constitutional Law                 | 4 |
| Estates I                           | 3 |
| Legal Accounting                    | 2 |
| Procedure I                         | 3 |

### THIRD YEAR (All courses elective except Legal Profession and Practice Court I and II)

| Abstracts                     | 1 |
| Administrative Law            | 3 |
| Admiralty                     | 2 |
| Criminal Law Administration   | 2 |
| Evidence                      | 4 |
| International Law             | 2 |
| Labor Law                     | 2 |
| Legal Profession              | 2 |
| Practice Court I              | 1 |
| Property Security             | 2 |

### EVENING DIVISION

### FIRST YEAR (All Courses Required)

| Contracts I                  | 4 |
| Legal History and Philosophy | 2 |
| Torts I                      | 3 |

### SECOND YEAR (All Courses Required)

| Business Associations I       | 2 |
| Commercial Transactions      | 4 |
| Property I                   | 3 |

### THIRD YEAR (Required Courses)

| Land Titles                  | 2 |
| Legal Writing                | 1 |
| Procedure I                  | 3 |
| Wills and Estates            | 2 |

### FOURTH YEAR (Required Courses)

| Legal Profession             | 2 |
| Practice Court I             | 1 |

### ELECTIVES

| Administrative Law           | 3 |
| Criminal Law Administration  | 2 |
| Evidence                     | 3 |
| Oil and Gas                  | 3 |
| Workmen's Compensation       | 1 |
| Abstracts                    | 1 |
| Conflicts of Laws            | 3 |
| Creditors Rights             | 2 |
| Insurance                    | 2 |
| Regulation of Business       | 3 |
DESCRIPTION OF COURSES

The unit of credit is the semester-hour, which represents one class-hour per week for a semester. The number of semester-hours of credit given for the satisfactory completion of each course is stated. The courses are listed by semester or session in which they are to be taken by the student in the Day Division. The order is necessarily somewhat different in the Evening Division where the period of study is four years and two summers. For the order of courses in the Evening Division see the chart on pages 28 and 29.

FIRST YEAR COURSES

(All courses required)

Contracts I and II. Six hours. History and development of the common law of contract; principles controlling the formation, performance, and termination of contracts, including the basic doctrines of offer and acceptance, consideration, conditions, material breach, damages, contracts for the benefit of third persons, assignments, and the Statute of Frauds.

Crimes. Three hours. Origins and sources of the criminal law; the elements of crime and the various specific crimes, including homicide, assault, rape, larceny, robbery, and arson; criminal procedure under the Texas Code of Criminal Procedure, including jurisdiction, venue, preliminary examination, grand jury, indictment, information, pleas, trial, sentence, probation, and parole; rights of a criminal defendant under the United States and Texas Constitutions.

Equity. Two hours. Nature and source of equitable rights; principles of equity jurisdiction; enforcement of equity decrees; specific performance of contracts; injunction against tort.

Legal History and Philosophy. (Day Division) Three hours. Main currents in the historical development of legal thought to the twentieth century; history of judicial institutions; sources and growth of the common law and equity; the influence of civil and canon law; the reception of the common law in the United States; twentieth century doctrines concerning the nature, purpose and functioning of law.

Legal History. (Evening Division) Two hours. Historical development of English legal institutions, the courts and the profession; forms of action at common law, the development of equity jurisprudence; the reception of the common law in the United States; the movement for legal reform in the nineteenth century; the origins of Texas jurisprudence.
Description of Courses

**Legislation.** Two hours. Growth of law through the legislative process; the parts of a statute; legislative language, its arrangement and mechanics of drafting; interpretation and construction.

**Property I and II.** Seven hours. Possession; gifts; bona fide purchase; historical background of land law; creation of possessory and non-possessory estates in fee, for life and for term and their respective incidents; concurrent ownership; landlord and tenant; covenants running with land; easements; licenses; water rights.

**Torts I and II.** Six hours. Civil wrongs arising from breach of duties imposed by law as distinguished from duties created by contract; including trespass to person and property, conversion, negligence, deceit, injurious falsehood, slander, libel, slander of title, malicious prosecution, and nuisance; right of privacy; fault and absolute liability; damage without legal injury.

**Use of Law Books.** One hour. The use of a law library; methods of legal research; location and evaluation of legal authorities.

**FIRST SUMMER SESSION COURSES**

*(All courses required)*

**Commercial Transactions.** Four hours. A study of the sale of goods, and of the credit devices and commercial paper typically employed in such transactions. Problems examined include the rights and remedies of the buyer and the seller; negotiable instruments and the protection of third persons; chattel mortgages and conditional sales; and the use of inventory and receivables as security.

**Marital Rights and Community Property.** Three hours. Marriage; annulment; divorce; alimony; adoption; guardianship, custody of children; the laws of separate and community property.

**Land Titles.** Two hours. Forms of deeds; descriptions; warranty and other covenants of title; escrows; recording statutes; practice in drafting; acquisition of title to land through adverse possession.

**SECOND YEAR COURSES**

*(All courses required)*

**Appellate Advocacy.** One hour. Students are divided into groups of four, two as counsel for appellant and two as counsel for appellee. Each group is assigned a case based upon an actual case transcript. Appellate briefs are prepared in the form prescribed by the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure. Oral arguments are then held before judges recruited from the Dallas Bar.
Business Associations I. Two hours. The problems of conducting business through agents or employees, including the creation and termination of agencies; the doctrine of apparent authority; contractual liability, and vicarious liability in tort; and the distribution of risk between the principal or employer on the one hand and the third person on the other.

Business Associations II. Four hours. The partnership, the unincorporated association, and the corporation; launching the enterprise; control of the enterprise; duties of the managers; rights and remedies of investors; distribution of profits; reorganization and dissolution of the enterprise. Special emphasis is given to corporate problems and to the Texas statutes.

Constitutional Law. Four hours. Historical constitutional theory; separation of powers, state and nation; process of judicial interpretation; interstate commerce; personal rights and privileges; due process of law; equal protection of the laws.

Estates I and II. Six hours. Problems in the devolution of property and the administration of estates. Subjects treated include: intestate succession; formalities of gratuitous transfers; construction of donative instruments; use of class gifts and powers of appointment; substitutes for conventional methods of property devolution; policy considerations in the disposition of wealth; income, estate, and gift tax aspects of donative transactions; and the fiduciary management of trusts and estates.

Legal Accounting. Two hours. An introduction to the theory and principles of accounting; differences between financial accounting and tax accounting. Emphasis is placed on a legal analysis of such accounting problems as those relating to corporate net worth, treasury stock, surplus available for dividends. Considerations of the problems of interpretation of financial statements encountered by the practicing attorney.

Legal Writing. One hour. Study of legal style, legal draftsmanship and actual drafting of memoranda and opinions on assigned points of law. A part of the time is spent on the preparation of legal writings for publications.

Procedure I and II. Six hours. Present-day civil practice in ordinary actions in Texas courts; jurisdiction of respective courts; venue; parties; actions; preparation of original, amended, and supplemental pleadings; trial procedure; judgments; perfection of appeal; comparative study of Texas and Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

Taxation. Four hours. A study of the constitutionality of federal
VIEWS OF THE LAW QUADRANGLE

THE SCHOOL OF LAW is housed in three air-conditioned buildings, recently constructed with funds secured largely through the efforts of the Southwestern Legal Foundation. Storey Hall houses the law library, administrative and faculty offices of the law school and offices of the Foundation. It has three reading rooms, a large auditorium, lounge, student locker room and several graduate seminar rooms. The Lawyers Inn provides living quarters and dining facilities for seventy-five law students. Florence Hall contains the law school classrooms, practice courtroom, legal aid clinic, study rooms and rooms for student activities.

Practice Court in session in Maco Stewart Memorial Courtroom in Florence Hall.
The Law Quadrangle — Storey Hall, left;

Main reading room of the Library.
Left; Lawyers Inn, center; and Florence Hall, right.

A partial view of the First Year Law Class.
Legal Aid Counsel in conference.

Lunch in Dining Room of Lawyers Inn.

Informal discussion in the Lounge of Lawyers Inn.
Description of Courses

income, estate and gift taxation; analysis of sections of the Internal Revenue Code, Regulations and decisions developing concepts of taxable income, deductions, recognition of gains and losses, gross estate, net estate, taxable gifts, etc.; introduction to tax procedures; solution of hypothetical problems and preparation of returns.

Trusts. Three hours. Express trusts, private and charitable; implied trusts, resulting and constructive; spendthrift trusts; trustee's powers, duties and compensation; liability of trustees.

Wills and Estates. Two hours. Non testamentary succession; right to dispose of property by will; nature of testamentary instruments; formalities of execution and revocation; grant of administration; probate and contest of wills; management, distribution, and settlement of the estate.

SUMMER SESSION ELECTIVES

(Courses open to students who have completed the second-year program in the Day or third-year program in the Evening.)

Appellate Advocacy. (See page 31 for description).

Damages. Two hours. Standards applicable generally to the computation of damages; measure of damages in contract, torts, and condemnation proceedings.

Legal Writing. (See page 32 for description).

Patent Law. Two hours. Legislative provisions, patentability, prior art, Patent Office practice, validity, infringement, licensing and relations with respect to copyright and trademark.

Problems in Corporate Changes. Two hours. Structural changes within the corporate entity, including mergers, consolidations, recapitalizations, sale of assets, sale of stock, and corporate divisions. Consideration will be given to fair treatment of investors, establishment of feasible capital structures, tax consequences, issuance of new securities, and anti-trust limitations, as related to corporate changes of the solvent and the insolvent corporation. Emphasis will be placed on the drafting solutions of the problems of the smaller corporation.

Applied Legal Training. One hour or non-credit. Students are assigned for four weeks as law clerks to state trial and appellate judges or to federal, state or city attorneys, and for eight weeks as law clerks in law firms or corporation legal departments. Nominal compensation is supplied to students enrolled in the program. The hours correspond to the working hours of the
particular office to which the student is assigned, except that on Friday afternoons from 4:00 p.m. to 6:00 p.m. meetings are held at the law school at which talks are given by practicing lawyers and judges on such topics as the fixing of fees, law office management, negotiation and settlement of litigation, and legal ethics. Students desiring credit must register and pay the regular summer session fee for the course.

THIRD YEAR COURSES

(All courses elective unless otherwise indicated. Some of these are offered in the Summer Session.)

Abstracts. One hour. Nature of an abstract; contracts to furnish an abstract; ownership of abstract; liability of abstracter; examination of abstracts.

Administrative Law. Three hours. Organization and procedure of federal and state administrative agencies; distinction between legislative, executive, and judicial powers; delegation of powers; the nature of the power vested in administrative agencies; requirements of due process; judicial control over administrative action.

Admiralty. Two hours. Admiralty jurisdiction; maritime liens; Harter Act and Carriage of Goods by Sea Act; salvage; general average; collision; claims of seamen, limitation of liability; applicability of state law; responsibility of the United States and foreign vessels.

Conflict of Laws. Three hours. The law relating to transactions having elements in more than one state; domicile; bases of jurisdiction of courts and of states; the rules developed and applied with respect to marriage and divorce, property, contracts, and corporations.

Creditors Rights. (Day Division—three hours) (Evening Division—two hours). Enforcement of judgments; execution, attachment, garnishment; Texas Statutes of Limitations; fraudulent conveyances; non-statutory group creditors’ remedies; bankruptcy.

Criminal Law Administration. Two hours. A study of criminal law administration with special emphasis on current issues in such fields as procedure, juvenile delinquency, probation and parole.

Estate Planning and Practice. Two hours. Problems involved in the planning of estates with emphasis on tax savings and simplified administration; the drafting of trusts and wills to achieve sound programs of estate management; consideration of problems in-
Description of Courses

cident to the use of family partnerships, family corporations, and other intra family arrangements.

Evidence. Four hours. The law of evidence in trials at common law in the Federal Courts and in Texas, including examination, competency and privileges of witnesses; leading rules and principles of exclusion and selection, including the hearsay rule and opinion rule; problems of remoteness and undue prejudice; judicial notice; burden of proof and presumptions; functions of judge and jury.

Federal Courts. Two hours. Diversity of citizenship jurisdiction; federal question jurisdiction; removal of cases from state courts; conflicts between federal and state judicial systems; the substantive law applied in the federal courts; problems of venue, process, and joinder; appellate jurisdiction and procedure.

Insurance. Two hours. Principles governing the making and construction of insurance contracts; types of insurance organizations; government supervision and control interests protected by insurance contracts; selection and control of risks; study of standard form of insurance policies and the construction and application of Texas statutes.

International Law. Two hours. The sovereignty concept; nationality; territoriality; jurisdiction of states; recognition and diplomatic intercourse; agreements between states; international regulation of trade and commerce; international claims.

Labor Law. Two hours. The legality of labor objectives and of various forms of concerted activity, such as strikes, picketing, primary and secondary boycotts; the labor injunction, including federal and state legislation on the subject; legal aspects of collective bargaining; the National Labor Relations Act.

Law Journal. Maximum credit, two hours. Preparation of comments on topics of current interest, notes on cases of significance and editorial work incident to publication of the Southwestern Law Journal.

Legal Aid. One hour. Interview of clients, preparation of memoranda, preparation of pleadings and assisting attorneys of record in cases referred from the Dallas Legal Aid Society and the City-County Welfare Board.

Legal Profession. Two hours (required). History and present organization of the legal profession; admission to the bar; purposes and work of the American Bar Association and the State Bar of Texas; problems of professional usage and ethics commonly encountered in practice.
Oil and Gas. Three hours. Extent of title in unsevered oil and gas; correlative rights and duties of owners in a common reservoir; governmental regulation; remedies against trespassers; analysis of instruments conveying mineral interests, including both deeds and leases; partition; unitization.

Practice Court I and II. Two hours. (required). Preparation and trial of cases. Students are divided into groups of two, one representing the plaintiff, the other representing the defendant, and specific cases are assigned each group. Fall semester—investigation of the case, preparation of the pleading, interlocutory hearings on motions and demurrers, and drafting proper orders, pre-trial proceedings and selection of the jury. Spring semester—trial on merits, examination of witnesses, preparation of instructions and special issues, motions incident to judgement, motions for new trial, perfection of appeals.

Property Security. Two hours. The real property mortgage including rights and duties before foreclosure, priorities, transfer of interests of mortgagor and mortgagee, subrogation, marshalling, discharge, redemption and foreclosure.

Regulation of Business. Three hours. A study of government regulation of business; control over monopoly and other devices for restraining competition by the federal anti-trust acts, their interpretation and application; control by the courts, legislatures and the Federal Trade Commission over unfair methods of competition.

Workmen’s Compensation. One hour. A comprehensive study of the Texas Workmen’s Compensation Act and the court decisions interpreting the various provisions of the act.
THE GRADUATE SCHOOL OF AMERICAN AND FOREIGN LAW

The Graduate School of American and Foreign Law is a cooperative endeavor of the Southern Methodist University School of Law and the Southwestern Legal Foundation, created to meet the challenge of world leadership which has been pressed upon the legal institutions of the United States by international developments following World War II. The program is designed to broaden the American lawyer's understanding of our Anglo-American legal system and its place in the world, and also to offer opportunity for study to those interested in international and foreign legal problems. The program offers to foreign lawyers and law professors a course of study designed to provide a basic knowledge of Anglo-American concepts and their relationship to the legal concepts of the foreign lawyer's country. To achieve its objectives, the Graduate School of American and Foreign Law offers opportunities for study and research in the following major areas:

1. Advanced study in Anglo-American jurisprudence.
2. An intensive course of study in international and foreign legal problems for United States lawyers.
3. One-year courses of specialized legal training in international law, comparative law and basic principles of Anglo-American law for lawyers from foreign countries.

THE GRADUATE PROGRAMS

The Graduate School of American and Foreign Law includes the following programs: General Graduate Studies, the Law Institute of the Americas and the Academy of American Law, each of which leads to an advanced degree in law. These programs are designed to offer intensive training in particular areas of the law without forcing the student into an inflexible schedule of courses. Each is administered by a separate Director who has supervision over students studying in his particular program.

I. GENERAL GRADUATE STUDIES

The primary aim of this program is to prepare American lawyers for more productive careers in the private practice of law, in teaching and in the public service. The program is designed to: (1) afford intensive training on the graduate level in the fields of law which have become highly specialized in modern urban practice, especially in the Southwest; (2) increase the student's
understanding of the philosophy and history of law and of the administration of justice; (3) encourage research and creative writing in the law and related fields; (4) offer specialized instruction to practicing lawyers as a part of the plan for continuing education of the Bar.

II. THE LAW INSTITUTE OF THE AMERICAS

The Law Institute of the Americas is designed to improve understanding among the peoples of the Americas through study of the laws, institutions and governments of the American nations and to train lawyers to handle legal problems of the peoples of the Western Hemisphere. To effectuate these purposes knowledge of the Anglo-American law must be imparted to the lawyers trained in the civil law of Latin America and a program of study in the civil law must be made available to lawyers of North America trained in the common law.

THE CIVIL LAW CURRICULUM

This curriculum is designed for North American lawyers who wish to train for service with corporations engaged in foreign operations, with governmental agencies operating abroad or with foreign clients. A year of graduate study is offered in the civil law systems of Latin America and continental Europe combined with a study of specialized fields of international law and Latin American public law. Although primarily for lawyers of Canada and the United States, lawyers of other countries not trained in a civil law system will be accepted.

An additional year of graduate study in a Latin American law school is available to students who have successfully completed the one-year program described above and have demonstrated an exceptional capacity for advanced study in the civil law. The students will pursue a course of study prepared by the faculty of the foreign law school and approved by the Director of the Law Institute of the Americas. Eligibility for participation requires proficiency in the Spanish or Portuguese languages.

THE COMMON LAW CURRICULUM

The curriculum provides Latin American lawyers with a basic knowledge of the legal systems and political and legal institutions within the United States. It also encompasses studies in international legal problems of the Americas.

III. THE ACADEMY OF AMERICAN LAW

The primary purpose of the Academy of American Law is to
provide a comprehensive program of study in the theory and practice of American political and legal institutions and the American legal system to lawyers from without the Western Hemisphere who have not received training in Anglo-American law.

The courses of instruction for 1958-59 are listed on pages 42-43.

REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION

STUDENTS WHO ARE CANDIDATES FOR DEGREES

Each applicant for admission to candidacy for a degree must be a graduate of an approved American Law School who holds a college degree from an accredited college or university, or a graduate of a foreign law school of standing comparable to those approved by the Council on Legal Education of the American Bar Association, by the Inter-American Bar Association or by other appropriate agencies.

STUDENTS WHO ARE NOT CANDIDATES FOR DEGREES

A limited number of members of the bar who do not seek advanced degrees may be admitted to graduate seminar courses at the discretion of the Director of General Graduate Studies. Auditors are not permitted, as all students must participate in the work of the course, must prepare such assignments as may be required, and must take examinations.

DEGREES

Master of Laws (LL.M.). To receive the degree of Master of Laws the candidate must meet the following requirements:

(1) Residence in the School of Law for not less than two semesters if a full-time student, and not less than four semesters if a part time student.

(2) Completion of a sufficient number of graduate courses to make a total of at least twelve semester-hours, with an average grade of 80 on all courses taken. In exceptional cases certain undergraduate courses may be taken where approved by the Director of General Graduate Studies.

(3) Completion of at least two courses (four semester-hours) in the field of the general theory of law. These courses are counted toward the twelve-hour requirement.

(4) Preparation of a dissertation, written under the direction of a professor. This dissertation must be approved by both the professor and the Director of General Graduate Studies. It must be submitted at least 60 days before the date on which degrees are
The School of Law

awarded. It is recommended that the dissertation be prepared in such form as to be published as two or three law review articles or as a monograph.

(3) All requirements must be completed within a period of three years from the date of initial registration as a graduate student.

Since one of the primary aims of the graduate program is to foster research and encourage creative writing it is contemplated that the formal course work will require approximately one-half of the student's time, and that the other half will be devoted to the dissertation. Therefore, candidates for degrees will not be permitted to register for more than three courses in one semester if full-time and not more than two courses if part-time.

The Master of Laws degree in a specialized field of study will be awarded upon satisfactory completion of the requirements as set out below:

Master of Laws in Oil and Gas Law. The requirements for this degree are the same as those for the Master of Laws, except that the candidate must complete at least two graduate courses in the field of oil and gas law and write his dissertation in the field.

Master of Laws in Taxation. The requirements for this degree are the same as those for the Master of Laws except that the candidate must complete at least two graduate courses in the field of taxation and write his dissertation in that field.

Master of Comparative Law (M.C.L.). The requirements for this degree include the completion of twenty-six hours of credit from the courses set out below in the programs of the Law Institute of the Americas or the Academy of American Law or from such other courses as shall be selected after consultation with the Director of the Law Institute of the Americas or the Director of the Academy of American Law.

Doctor of Civil Law (D.C.L.). The requirements for this degree include the successful completion of the civil law program in the Law Institute of the Americas at the Southern Methodist University School of Law and the satisfactory completion of an additional year of study in a civil law system at a Latin American University. In addition the student must complete a dissertation in publishable form approved by the Director of the Law Institute of the Americas. All requirements must be completed within a period of three years from the date of initial registration in the Latin American Law School.

APPLICATION FOR ADMISSION

Application for admission to General Graduate Studies should be made to the Director, General Graduate Studies, School of Law,
Southern Methodist University, Dallas 5, Texas, U.S.A. An application form will be mailed upon request.

Application for admission to the Law Institute of the Americas by Latin American students should be made to the Institute of International Education through the Committee for Study and Training in the United States in the candidate’s country in September or October of the year preceding award. The address of the Committee can be ascertained from the Cultural Affairs Officer at the United States Embassy or from the nearest U.S. consular office.

Application for admission to the Law Institute of the Americas by North American students should be made to the Director, Law Institute of the Americas, School of Law, Southern Methodist University, Dallas 5, Texas, U.S.A. An application form will be mailed upon request.

Application for admission to the Academy of American Law should be by letter in English to the United States Cultural Attache at the Embassy or Legation of the United States located in applicant’s nation. The application shall state the age of applicant, a short curriculum vitae, statement of ability to read and understand English; a certified transcript of grades received in law school, in English; and a recent photograph of the applicant. Applications for each term beginning in September may be filed at any time after January 1 of that year.

FELLOWSHIPS

Fellowships in the amount of $1,500 each have been established in General Graduate Studies. Each holder of a fellowship will be required to pay full tuition and fees. In addition to the fellowships, a number of tuition grants are available to candidates for the LL.M. degree who present superior scholastic records.

The Ford Foundation provides funds for five fellowships in the field of General Graduate Studies to students from foreign countries who already have training in Anglo-American law.

Fifteen fellowships are available annually to applicants for the Law Institute of the Americas Program and fifteen are available annually to applicants for the Academy of American Law. Fellowships include tuition, fees, books, room and meals and a monthly allowance of $35 for incidentals.

Through a grant from the Ford Foundation, additional funds are available for those North American lawyers in the Civil Law Curriculum of the Law Institute of the Americas who become eligible for an additional year of graduate study in a Latin American law
A generous allowance is available to the student, plus round trip transportation expenses.

Attention of foreign applicants is directed to the fact that the Graduate School of American and Foreign Law has no funds to grant for travel expenses, either to or from the United States or within the United States, nor does it have any administrative influence through which government or private agencies can be persuaded to assist in travel.

FEES

The fee for graduate courses is $42 for each semester-hour of work taken, with a maximum charge of $250 per semester. Auditors are not admitted to graduate courses. Other fees are the same as those listed for undergraduate students.

PROGRAM OF COURSES

1958-59

For the year 1958-59 the faculty proposes to offer the courses listed below, with the Arabic numeral opposite each course indicating the number of semester-hours of credit. Every effort will be made to adhere to this program, but intervening circumstances may necessitate minor changes.

GENERAL GRADUATE

Fall Semester

Government Regulation of Oil and Gas .......................... 2
Law in Society I .............................................. 2
Securities Regulation ...................... 2
Taxation of Business Entities .......... 2
Tax Problems of Deferred Compensation Plans .......... 2
Unit and Cooperative Oil and Gas .............................. 2

Spring Semester

Advanced International Law .......... 2
Federal Oil and Gas Taxation ........ 2
Law in Society II ...................... 2
Corporate Reorganization .............. 2
Taxation and Fiscal Policy .......... 2
Problems of Doing Business Abroad .......... 4

LAW INSTITUTE OF THE AMERICAS

(Civil Law Program)

Fall Semester

Comparative Legal Systems .............. 3
Civil Law .............................................. 3
Commercial Law I (Civil Law System) .... 3
Private International Law (Civil Law System) .... 2
Inter-American Regional Law .......... 2
International Law .............................. 2

Spring Semester

Comparative Legal Theory .......... 2
Commercial Law II (Civil Law System) .... 3
Labor Law Problems (Civil Law System) .... 2
Latin American Constitutional and Administrative Law Problems .......... 2
Problems of Doing Business Abroad .......... 4
Advanced International Law .......... 2
**Description of Courses**

**LAW INSTITUTE OF THE AMERICAS**  
(Common Law Program)  
and  
**ACADEMY OF AMERICAN LAW**

### Fall Semester

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Adversary Trial Techniques</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United States Constitutional Structure</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comparative Legal Systems</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commercial Law</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Criminal Law and Procedure</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Inter-American Regional Law</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Law in Society I</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>International Law</td>
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### Spring Semester

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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<tr>
<td>Ownership of Property</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Injuries to the Person</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Government, Labor and Business</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Administration of Justice</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Comparative Legal Theory</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Advanced International Law</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Law in Society II</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Problems of Doing Business</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abroad</td>
<td>4</td>
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**DESCRIPTION OF COURSES**

The unit of credit is the semester-hour, which represents one class-hour per week for a semester. The number of semester-hours of credit given for the satisfactory completion of each course is stated.

**ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE** (Common Law Curriculum).

Three hours. Study of the organization of the courts including distribution of judicial business, distribution of judicial personnel and administrative supervision, inferior and appellate courts, relation of federal and state courts; qualifications, selection and retirement of the judiciary. The role of the lawyer in litigation; associations of lawyers as agencies in the improvement of justice; the meaning of “profession,” legal ethics and the unauthorized practice of law; aspects of the independence of the legal profession.

**ADVANCED INTERNATIONAL LAW.** Two hours. Maintenance of international order and accomplishment of international justice through international organization; privileges and responsibilities of member states; competence of international organizations and international assemblies, special emphasis upon the problems and activities of the United Nations.

**ADVERSARY TRIAL TECHNIQUES.** One hour. (Common Law Curriculum). Demonstrations of the adversary methods and procedure in the trial of a law suit.

**CIVIL LAW.** Three hours. Sources of private law in the civil law jurisdictions, interpretations of the codes, system of obligations under the civil codes (contracts, quasi-contracts, delicts and quasi-delicts.)
COMMERCIAL LAW. (Common Law Curriculum). Four hours. Discussions of detailed problems of the Anglo-American law of contracts, sales, negotiable instruments, agency, partnership, and corporations.

COMMERCIAL LAW I (Civil Law Curriculum). Three hours. Historical development of the law merchant, and study of the code of commerce in civil law jurisdictions and its field of application.

COMMERCIAL LAW II. (Civil Law Curriculum). Three hours. A study of acts of commerce, business associations, and negotiable instruments under the commercial code of civil law jurisdictions.

COMPARATIVE LEGAL SYSTEMS. Three hours. Description and analysis of the Civil Law and Common Law systems, with special reference to terminology and method; the differing techniques of reasoning of the two systems as based upon differing historical development of legal theory.

COMPARATIVE LEGAL THEORY. Two hours. A comparative analysis of the basic beliefs or assumptions underlying common law and civil law legal thinking; common law and civil law under the light of legal values.

CORPORATE REORGANIZATION. Two hours. Reorganization under Chapter X of the Bankruptcy Act, and modification in the rights of security holders of solvent business enterprises. In the study of reorganizations under the Bankruptcy Act special emphasis will be placed upon the rights of creditors and shareholders under the reorganization plan. Prerequisite: the course in Business Associations II.

CRIMINAL LAW AND PROCEDURE (Common Law Curriculum). Two hours. Study of individual interests of personality considered not only as a wrong against the individual but also as wrong to the community, and thus punishable by the state for the protection of the public; origins and sources of the criminal procedure, including jurisdiction, venue, preliminary examination, grand jury, indictment, information, pleas, trial, sentence, probation and parole, rights of a criminal defense under the United States Constitution.

FEDERAL OIL AND GAS TAXATION. Two hours. Analysis of problems incident to: execution and transfers of oil and gas leases, including treatment of bonuses, royalties, delay rentals, and intangible expenses; depletion; carried interests and net profit interests; operating and unitization agreements; and valuation of oil and gas properties. Prerequisite: the basic course in Taxation.
GOVERNMENT, LABOR AND BUSINESS. (Common Law Curriculum). Three hours. Organization and procedure of federal and state administrative agencies; delegations of powers, the nature of the power vested in administrative agencies, requirements of due process, judicial control over administrative action. Association of employees and the legality and illegality of labor objectives; forms of concerted activities such as strikes, picketing, primary and secondary boycotts; legal aspects of collective bargaining. Legal adjustments of the conflict of interests caused by the rise of large scale business associations with emphasis upon control of monopoly and restraints of competition by anti-trust acts and control over unfair methods of competition.

GOVERNMENT REGULATION OF OIL AND GAS. Two hours. Need for regulation, state and federal; sources of the right to regulate; growth and trend of regulation; court review of administrative acts; federal versus state regulation; effect upon prices, competition, ultimate recovery, royalty owners, operators and upon the economy generally. Prerequisite: the basic course in Oil and Gas.

INJURIES TO THE PERSON. (Common Law Curriculum). Two hours. Injuries to the person secured by civil sanctions which have developed in the Anglo-American law. Primary consideration is placed upon the immunity of the body from injuries by physical impact; immunity of the will from coercion; immunity of the mind and nervous system from injury; immunity of the feelings and the claim to privacy; and immunity of the person from defamation, the claim to honor and reputation.

INTER-AMERICAN REGIONAL LAW. Two hours. Multilateral and principal bilateral conventions among the American States, with particular emphasis upon the Charter of the Organization of American States, the Inter-American Treaty of Reciprocal Assistance, the American Treaty on Pacific Settlement; a study of juridical-political problems of the Americas.

LABOR LAW PROBLEMS (Civil Law Curriculum). Two hours. The contract of labor under Latin American labor legislation, social security, main features of the systems of collective labor movements, survey of labor procedures.

LATIN AMERICAN CONSTITUTIONAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE LAW PROBLEMS. (Civil Law Curriculum). Two hours. Latin American problems of constitutionalism in such fields as the separation of powers, federalism, and certain substantive civil, economic and social rights. Particular emphasis will be placed upon the constitutional rights of and restrictions on foreign enterprise to do business and own property in Latin Amer-
ica. Problems concerning the judicial review of administrative acts in the civil law system, the conseil d'etat, the administrative jurisdiction, and contracts with administrative bodies.

LAW IN SOCIETY I. Two hours. A study of the historical development of doctrines concerning the nature and purpose of law; origins of the legal ethic of the American society; the relationships of law, morality, and religion.

LAW IN SOCIETY II. Two hours. Contemporary thought concerning the nature, purpose and application of law; legal institutions of an industrialized urban society; the impact of legal positivism upon traditional Anglo-American legal theory. Prerequisite: Law in Society I.

OWNERSHIP OF PROPERTY. (Common Law Program). Two hours. The institution of property in modern American law, including the place of property in the social and economic order; the complete property; the fractions of property; the classifications of property; restraints on use in the social interest; succession and testamentary disposition of property; and the protection of the right of property by civil and criminal sanctions.

PRIVATE INTERNATIONAL LAW (Civil Law Program). Two hours. A study of problems of private international law problems in continental European and Latin American Law with special emphasis upon the Hague, Montevideo, and Havana (Bustamante) conventions.

PROBLEMS OF DOING BUSINESS ABROAD. Four hours. An intensive study of the practical legal and tax problems encountered by individuals and corporations doing business abroad under national and international law. Particular attention will be paid to the problems of the petroleum industry such as the ownership of minerals, open and closed countries as to oil and gas and the obtaining of concessions. The course also contains a survey of Western Hemisphere tax systems with emphasis on taxes imposed and entities taxable; analysis of reciprocal tax conventions in force between U.S. and other countries; treatment of business abroad under U.S. and foreign tax statutes.

SECURITIES REGULATION. Two hours. Federal and Texas regulation of the issuance and sale of corporate securities; registration requirements and exemptions; sales by officers, directors and principal stockholders; public and private offerings; recission and other remedies of the investor; proxy regulation and restrictions on trading by insiders under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Prerequisite: the course in Business Associations II.

TAXATION OF BUSINESS ENTITIES. Two hours. Tax prob-
lems incident to the organization, operation, reorganization, termination and sale of business entities including partnerships, corporations, and other forms of business organizations; and the related tax problems of the owners of such enterprises. Prerequisite: the basic course in Taxation.

TAXATION OF DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS. Two hours. Survey of tax law relating to various kinds of deferred compensation arrangements, including profit sharing, stock bonus and pension plans; qualified and non-qualified stock options; deferred compensation contracts. Prerequisite: basic course in Taxation.

TAXATION AND FISCAL POLICY. Two hours. The effect of the budgetary demands on revenue policy, shifting and incidence of taxation, effect of taxation on business activity, relationship between federal and state taxing systems.

UNIT AND COOPERATIVE OIL AND GAS OPERATION. Two hours. Cooperative drilling and producing problems of separate properties in the same pool or field; history and development of unit operation of oil and gas pools; negotiation and preparation of agreements for unit operations; unitized operations; voluntary, authorized and compulsory unitization of oil and gas fields. Prerequisite: the basic course in Oil and Gas.

UNITED STATES CONSTITUTIONAL STRUCTURE. (Common Law Program). Three hours. The doctrine of separation of powers, including discussion of the organization, the functioning and powers of the three branches of the Federal Government; certain problems of federalism and the relationship between Federal and State Governments; substantive civil and political rights.
TUITION, FEES AND AWARDS*

DAY DIVISION

Tuition. Tuition fees are computed at the rate of $25 for each semester-hour of work taken, with a maximum charge in the Day Division of $250 per semester of 16 weeks, and $168.75 for a summer session.

Student Services Fee. All full-time and/or dormitory students pay a Student Services Fee of $37.50 each semester which provides for the expense of the following activities and services:

- All activities sponsored by the Students' Association.
- Admission to all athletic games and contests played on the campus by teams representing the University.
- Intramural Activities.
- Subscription to The SMU Campus, student semi-weekly newspaper.
- Admission to lectures, programs and theatrical performances by University organizations.
- A copy of the Rotunda, the University yearbook, if claimed before October 1 of the year of issue.
- Participation in the activities and programs of the Umphrey Lee Student Center.
- Orientation activities.
- Cost of registration.

†Health Service privileges.

Services of the following:

- The Employment and Placement Office.
- The Psychological Services Center (including the Reading Service Division, the Speech and Hearing Clinic, and the division of Testing, Counseling and Guidance).

In addition, each law student is assessed $1 per semester and 75 cents per summer session to be used in the interest of the Student

*All rates are subject to change at the beginning of any semester.

†The University provides a limited health service. All students living in the University dormitories or enrolled for regular work in the University are entitled to the following health services: a health examination and smallpox vaccination by the University physicians, an unlimited number of consultations with the University physicians during office hours at their Health Center offices, and conferences and treatments by the nurses at such other times as may be designated. These privileges are extended to all ambulatory students irrespective of residence. Students living in the University dormitories, or taking all meals in University dormitories, are also entitled to hospitalization in the Health
Tuition, Fees and Awards

Bar Association. A locker fee of $1 per semester and 75 cents per summer session is collected at the time of registration. The funds from these fees become a part of the Student Loan Fund.

Transcripts of work completed will be issued from the Registrar’s Office of the University. The first transcript is free and additional transcripts are $1.00 each. No transcripts are issued from the Administration Office of the School of Law. Transcripts cannot be released unless the applicant has satisfied all of his financial obligations to the University.

Library Deposit. All students make a library deposit of $5 at the beginning of the school year. It is returned to the student at the end of the year less any deductions for damages or fines, if claimed by June 30.

Payment of Accounts. The tuition and other fees are payable at the beginning of each semester, but arrangements may be made with the Cashier of the University to pay in installments for a small carrying charge. A charge of $5 is made for late payment of accounts, and a charge of $5 is made for late registrations.

Refund of Tuition Fees. If a student should matriculate in the School of Law and, for a good reason, be unable to attend classes, all of his fees except $25.00 will be refunded. If a student matriculates but leaves the University within the first three weeks after the first day of registration of a semester or summer session, one-half of his tuition and fees will be refunded. After the third week no refunds are allowed. Refunds are allowed only upon honorable dismissal by the Dean of the School of Law, and must be applied for at the date of withdrawal.

EVENING DIVISION

Tuition. Tuition is computed at the rate of $25 for each semester-hour of work taken, with a maximum charge in the Evening Division of $187.50 per semester of 16 weeks, and $125 for a summer session.

Student Fee. All regular students will be required to pay a stu-
dent fee of $12.75 each semester, except students residing in Lawyers Inn, whose student fee shall be $37.50. A student who is not earning residence credit will pay a $5 registration fee. In addition, each law student is required to pay $1 per semester and 75 cents per summer session to be used in the interest of the Student Bar Association. A locker fee of $1 per semester and 75 cents per summer session is collected at the time of registration. The funds from these fees become a part of the Student Loan Fund.

The Library Deposit is the same as in the Day Division.

Payment of Accounts. Tuition and other fees are payable at the beginning of each semester or summer session, but arrangements may be made with the Cashier of the University to pay in installments for a small carrying charge. A charge of $5 is made for late payment of accounts, and a charge of $5 is made for late registration.

Refund of Tuition Fees. If a student should matriculate in the School of Law and, for a good reason, be unable to attend classes, all of his fees except $25.00 will be refunded. If a student matriculates but leaves the University within the first three weeks after the first day of registration of a semester or summer session, one-half of his tuition and fees will be refunded. After the third week no refunds are allowed. Refunds are allowed only upon honorable dismissal by the Dean of the School of Law, and must be applied for at the date of withdrawal.

GRADUATE DIVISION

The fees for graduate courses are set forth on page 42 infra.

AUDITORS

Members of the State Bar of Texas or graduates of an approved law school taking courses without examination or credit will be charged a fee of $40 per course, without reference to the number of semester-hours involved. This fee is payable in advance and is not refundable. Undergraduates are not permitted to audit courses.

AIDS AND AWARDS TO STUDENTS

SCHOLARSHIPS

LAW SCHOOL SCHOLARSHIPS. The scholarships listed below are available to students in the School of Law who maintain a superior record in their law school work and who are in need of financial assistance. Preference is given to applicants who hold the A.B. or a similar degree.
The *Rhea Memorial Scholarship*, established by friends of the late Professor W. A. Rhea, first member of the faculty of the School of Law. A principal contributor to the fund was Mr. Lee J. Taylor of the Dallas Bar. Stipend varies according to need and funds available.

The *Coke Endowed Scholarship*, established by a gift of $5,000 from Mr. and Mrs. Rosser J. Coke of Dallas. Stipend $200 or more depending on funds available. Additional funds have been pledged to this scholarship which will make it fully endowed within two years at which time a full tuition award will be available each year.

The *Dallas Lawyers' Wives Club Endowed Scholarship*, established by a substantial gift from the club. Funds are still being added to the principal and for the present no awards are being made.

The *Golden Scholarship*, established by Hawkins W. Golden, Class of 1930, for the purpose of aiding needy and deserving students. Funds are still being added to the principal and for the present no awards are being made.

The *Annie Morris Law Scholarship*, established by a gift of $5,000 from the late Mrs. Annie Morris Anderson for the purpose of aiding worthy young students of law. Stipend will vary according to need and funds available.

**National Law Scholarships.** A substantial number of National Law Scholarships are available each year to select graduates of accredited colleges who have been accepted in the first year class. Awards are made on a competitive basis with weight being given to scholastic records, character and apparent promise for success in the law. Each scholarship carries a stipend of $500 to cover full tuition for the academic year. Scholarships will be continued in the First Summer Session and in the Second and Third Years for those grantees who maintain a distinguished record in the preceding year. The maximum value of each scholarship for the three-year period is $1,668. Applications may be filed at any time during the final year of college work, but must be received by June 1.

The *SMU School of Law Development Fund* makes available each year substantial sums to provide scholarship aid for second and third year law students with creditable scholastic records who demonstrate need for full or partial tuition grants.

Inquiry concerning any of the scholarships listed above should be addressed to Chairman Scholarship Committee, School of Law.

**General Scholarships.** Students in the School of Law who do not hold the A.B. or other bachelor's degree are eligible for scholarships administered by the University Committee on Scholarships. These include the following:
University Scholarships, which are awarded automatically to the highest ranking students in the various schools of the University. In estimating rank the Committee considers the entire University record of the applicant. Holders of University Scholarships are granted part or full tuition (up to $250 per semester) in accordance with their need and the funds available.

Undergraduate Scholarships, which are awarded, if funds permit after the needs of University Scholars are met, to students who have completed one year in Southern Methodist University with a satisfactory scholastic record and who have a definite need for aid. Though preference is given to the student having the highest scholastic ranking, the Committee's policy is to help as many deserving students as its resources will allow.

LaVerne Noyes Scholarships, five or more in number, are available each year to students who are citizens of the United States and either were engaged in and honorably discharged from the military service of the United States in World War I or are descended by blood from one who so served. These scholarships have a value up to $250 per semester. They were established by the estate of the late LaVerne Noyes of Chicago, Illinois, in 1937.

Correspondence concerning the University, Undergraduate, and LaVerne Noyes Scholarships should be addressed to the Director of Scholarships, Southern Methodist University.

Regulations. All scholarships are credited toward the student's tuition charges and fees. Holders of scholarships are required to cooperate in the observance and enforcement of University regulations and are expected to devote their full time to their college studies. Permission to engage in outside employment during the school year must be obtained in advance. Scholarship holders are required to maintain the academic record necessary for continuance in good standing in the School of Law. No one may hold more than one scholarship at a time.

Tuition Awards

Students in the School of Law are eligible for the following awards.

Music Tuition Awards, twenty in number, open to competent musicians who serve as members of the University Band. Value $100 per semester. Application should be made to the Director of the Band or to the Dean of the School of Music.

Athletic Tuition Awards, twenty in number, available to outstanding students who represent the University in various sports.
United States Law Week to the graduating senior who has shown the greatest improvement in scholarship in his third year.

The Vernon Law Book Company presents annually a set of Vernon's Annotated Texas Statutes to the student editor of the Southwestern Law Journal who makes the outstanding contribution to the Journal, both quality and quantity considered.

The firm of Thompson, Knight, Wright and Simmons gives each year a cash award of $100 to the student editor who writes the best original comment published in the Law Journal.

The firm of Turner, Atwood, White, McLane and Francis gives each year two cash awards of $50 each to the two students who prepare the best recent case notes for the Law Journal.

The Lawyers Title Insurance Company gives each year a cash award of $100 and a certificate to a graduating senior "for excellence in the law of real property." The award is based on the highest weighted average for 12 or 14 hours in the following courses: Property I and II, Land Titles, Family Law and Community Property and Property Security.

The firm of Ray and Hammonds gives each year a cash award of $100 to the member of the class in Taxation who prepares the best original paper on a subject to be approved by the Professor of that course.

The firm of Kilgore and Kilgore gives each year a cash award of $100 to the member of the class in Oil and Gas who prepares the best original paper on a subject to be approved by the Professor of that course.

The firm of Butler, Binion, Rice and Cook gives each year a cash award of $100 to the member of the class in Insurance who prepares the best original paper on a subject to be approved by the Professor of that course.

The American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers conducts each year the Nathan Burkan Memorial Competition. The writer of the best paper submitted by a student in the Law School on some subject dealing with Copyright Law is awarded a prize of $150. A prize of $50 is given for the second best paper. The best paper is entered in the national competition where an award of $500 is made for the outstanding essay.

The Texas Association of Plaintiffs' Attorneys awards each year a $100 prize for the best comment in the fields of Torts or Workmen's Compensation law.

The firm of Burford, Ryburn, Hincks and Ford presents a handsomely-engraved sterling silver plaque in a sterling silver frame to the Law School winning the Regional Moot Court Competition.
each year that it is held at the Southwestern Legal Center. The names
of the three student attorneys representing the winning school are
engraved on the plaque.

The Arthur A. Everts Trophy is awarded each year during
Lawyers Week to the winning counsel in the Senior Class Club
Argument.

The Vernon Law Book Company donates to each of the three
winners in the Senior Case Club Argument a choice of any one
volume textbook published by the Company.

The Dallas firm of Wynne and Wynne has presented to the
School of Law a beautiful bronze plaque on which is inscribed each
year the names of the members of the winning team in the First Year
Moot Court Competition.

Mr. Russel M. Baker of the Dallas Bar has presented to the School
of Law a beautiful bronze plaque on which is inscribed each year
the names of the student who is the most outstanding in Moot
Court Competition. The firm also makes a cash award of $100 to
the winning student.

The Bancroft-Whitney Company awards each year to the student
making the highest three-year average, a copy of Volume 31A
Texas Jurisprudence (Oil and Gas).

Bound reprints of selected topics from American Jurisprudence
are presented by the publishers to the student writing the best exami-
nation paper in each of the following courses: Administrative Law,
Agency, Bailments (Personal Property), Bankruptcy (Creditors
Rights), Bills and Notes, Corporations, Conflict of Laws, Constitu-
tional Law, Contracts, Equity, Evidence, Insurance, Labor Law,
Mortgages (Security), Pleading (Procedure II), Taxation and
Trusts.

Law students are also eligible to compete for the R. E. L. Saner
Award in Oratory, a gold watch offered annually in a contest begun
by the late R. E. L. Saner, LL.D., of Dallas.

STUDENT ORGANIZATIONS AND
ACTIVITIES

The Southwestern Law Journal is a legal periodical published
quarterly by the Southern Methodist University School of Law and
the Southwestern Legal Foundation.

Each issue of the Journal contains leading articles on important
legal matters; comments on topics of current interest; notes on
cases of significance which have been recently decided; and a book
review section. While the Journal does not limit itself to matters
concerning the Southwest, it endeavors to review all significant developments in the law in the courts of Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma and Texas.

The Journal is operated by an elected Editor-in-Chief, a Managing Editor, three Associate Editors, a Business Manager and the Senior Editorial Board. Candidates for the Board are selected on the basis of scholarship from the second year class. Those candidates who exhibit an ability to do effective legal research and writing are elected to membership on the Editorial Board and from this group the officers are selected.

The Legal Aid Clinic. In cooperation with the Dallas Legal Aid Society and the City-County Welfare Board, the School operates a Legal Aid Clinic under the supervision of a Faculty Director. For this work the School maintains a suite of student offices in Florence Hall and secretarial assistance. Local civil cases are cleared to the Clinic through the City-County Welfare Board, while cases from out of the county come by referral from other legal aid clinics and societies. Selected students are also appointed by the Criminal District Court Judges to assist court appointed attorneys in defending criminal cases. The students interview the clients and prepare the papers and work as assistants to the attorneys of record when the cases reach the litigation stage. In some civil cases the judge allows the students to assist in presenting the case in court. This work is open to second and third year students.

The S. M. U. Student Bar Association, composed of all students in the School, has as its general purpose the promotion of the interests of the student body. The Association conducts forums at which leaders in public and professional life discuss topics of current interest, and it also sponsors a social function each semester.

The Order of the Woolsack is a School of Law scholastic honor society to which not more than the highest ten per cent of each graduating class may be elected by vote of the faculty.

The Barristers, a general service organization of fifteen law students elected on the basis of scholarship and leadership, has as its purpose to undertake various projects for the benefit of the law students and the School.

The Advocates is an organization composed of all students residing in the Lawyers Inn. It holds dinner meetings to which prominent lawyers and judges are invited for addresses on interesting legal topics. It also maintains an active interest in the social welfare of all residents.

The Senior Case Club is composed of six third-year law students selected each year by the faculty on the basis of scholastic achieve-
Admission to the Bar

Admission to the Bar in Texas is controlled by rules of the Supreme Court and examinations given by the State Board of Law Examiners in Austin. To be eligible for these examinations, the student must be a citizen.
Admission to the Bar

Admission to the Bar and Placement of Graduates

Admission to the Bar

Admission to the Bar in Texas is controlled by rules of the Supreme Court and examinations given by the State Board of Law Examiners in Austin.

To be eligible for these examinations, the student must be a citizen...
of Texas and of the United States, must have resided in the State of Texas for not less than twelve months prior to the date of the examination, must have had three years (90 semester-hours) of college work at the time he began the study of law and must have pursued his law studies for a period of not less than 27 months in a full-time law school, or 36 months in a part-time law school. The school attended must be one approved by the Supreme Court. Three examinations are given each year, beginning on the first Monday in March, the fourth Monday in June and the first Monday in October. For the course of study prescribed and the rules governing the examinations, address Secretary, State Board of Law Examiners, Austin, Texas.

The curriculum of the School of Law covers all the subjects on which the bar examinations are based.

The rules of the Supreme Court require that every person intending to study law in Texas shall, within 30 days after beginning such study, file with the Board of Law Examiners in Austin, a "declaration of intention to study law" showing his educational attainments and the completion of a preliminary character examination. While graduates of the School of Law, Southern Methodist University and all other schools approved by the American Bar Association are exempt from the requirement it is suggested that entering students comply with the requirement. The necessary forms are sent to successful applicants for admission at the time of their acceptance to the School of Law.

PLACEMENT OF GRADUATES

The School of Law, recognizing its obligation to aid its graduates in securing legal positions, has established a Placement Office, with a member of the faculty serving as Director. This office contacts potential employers and directs graduates toward suitable job opportunities. Its services are available to graduates at all times without expense and they are urged to register with the Director.
Degrees Conferred

DEGREES CONFERRED IN JUNE, 1957

BACHELOR OF LAWS

Floyd Wesley Addington
B.B.A., Southern Methodist University
Charles Robert Anderson
B.B.A., Southern Methodist University
Donald Casper Apeland
B.B.A., Southern Methodist University
Billy Wayne Bailey
B.S., Rice Institute
James Taylor Berry
B.A., Washington & Lee University
Robert Neal Beat
B.A., North Texas State College
Edward Elmer Blount
B.B.A., Southern Methodist University
Alexander Patton Bolding, Jr.
B.S., M.E., Texas Agricultural and Mechanical College
Joseph William Brice, Jr.
B.B.A., Southern Methodist University
Homer Allen Brown
B.S., United States Naval Academy
Frank Jordan Budde
Peter Samuel Chantlis
Laurence Mason Cottingham
B.A., Southern Methodist University
Thomas Gene Crouch
B.S., Abilene Christian College
Thomas Hugh Davis, IV
B.A., Westminster College
Charles Robert Dickenson
B.S., Texas Technological College
James Owen Dixon
B.S.E.E., Southern Methodist University
Malcolm Eugene Dorman
B.B.A., Southern Methodist University
Leonard Allan Duffy
B.A., North Texas State College
Granville Orr Dutton
B.S., United States Naval Academy
Buford Joel Eatmon
B.S., Louisiana State University
Oscar Price Fields, Jr.
B.B.A., Southern Methodist University
Arthur Challain Flinders
B.B.A., Southern Methodist University
Roy Harper Garwood, Jr.
B.B.A., Southern Methodist University
William Gibson, Jr.
B.B.A., Southern Methodist University
Roger Anthony Hansen
B.A., University of Oklahoma
Harmon Sidney Hardy, Jr.
B.S., University of Oklahoma
Harlan Harper, Jr.
B.A., Southern Methodist University
Jere Glen Hayes
B.B.A., Southern Methodist University
Richard Wright Hogeland
B.A., University of Oklahoma
Charles Malcolm Holland, Jr.
B.B.A., Southern Methodist University
Samuel Wallace Hunt, Jr.
Ivan Irwin, Jr.
B.A., Southern Methodist University
Thomas Louis James
B.B.A., University of Texas
Chun Pyo Jhong
LL.B., Seoul University
Robert Meyer Kennedy
Clarence Edward Keys
B.S., University of Tennessee
Marvin Lawrence Levin
B.A., Texas Agricultural and Mechanical College
Albert Jack Leviton
B.S., Indiana University
Bernard Charles McGuire, Jr.
A.B., Harvard University
Ferri Joseph McLeod
Robert William Marshall
B.B.A., University of Texas
Marion Lawrence Messey
B.S., North Texas State College
Howard Clayton May
B.S.C., Texas Christian University
Robert McCravy Miller
B.S., Texas Agricultural and Mechanical College
M.S., East Texas State Teachers College
Norman Mospik
B.A., Southern Methodist University
James Aaron Myers
B.S., Texas Christian University
Allen Taylor Nance
B.A., Southern Methodist University
Lynn Evan Nicholson
B.A., Southern Methodist University
Neil Justin O'Brien
B.A., Rice Institute
Arthur Hunter Patton
William Dewey Powell, Jr.
B.A., University of Arkansas
James Stedman Robertson, Jr.
James Kenneth Rushing
B.B.A., Southern Methodist University
Patrick Senter Russell, Jr.
B.S., University of Houston
Clay Christopher Scott, Jr.
B.S., Texas Agricultural and Mechanical College
Edward Reaugh Smith
B.S., Midwestern University
George Duffield Smith, Jr.
B.S., University of North Carolina
James Knox Smith
B.A., Southern Methodist University
William Decker Smith, Jr.
B.A., Southern Methodist University
William Elliott Smith
B.S., M.S., North Texas State College
William Forrest Smith
B.A., Southwestern University
Lon Richard Starke
B.B.A., M.B.A., Southern Methodist University
Walter Wallace Steele, Jr.
The School of Law

Martha Joe Stroud
B.B.A., Southern Methodist University
Robert Hyer Thomas
B.A., Southern Methodist University
Jere Dickson Turner
B.A., Yale University
Leland Stanford Turner, Jr.
B.S., Texas Christian University
John Richard Vandevoort
James Thurman Vaughan, Jr.
B.S., Texas Agriculture and Mechanical College

Samuel Kenneth Vaughan
A.B., Baylor University
Homer Wayne Wile
A.B., Duke University
John Doty Williamson, Jr.
B.B.A., Southern Methodist University
William Joseph Williamson
B.B.A., Southern Methodist University
Henry Phillip Yeager

MASTER OF LAWS

Hide Ara
LL.B., LL.M., University of Tokyo
Francesco Arrigo
LL.M., University of Messina
Duk Bin Choi
LL.B., Korea University
Sun-yup Hong
LL.B., Seoul Law College
Pierre Lacoste
LL.B., University of Louvain
Tze-Chung Li
LL.B., Soochow University
Vincenzo Almonte Sagun
B.A., LL.B., Silliman University

Sheikh Muhammad Ashraf
LL.B., Karachi University
Hermine Johanne Brinkman
LL.B., Leiden University
Chitti Tingsababha
LL.M., Dhamasat University
Hsien-wen Tseng
LL.B., National Taiwan University
Nasser Yeganeh
LL.M., Law College of Tehran
S.J.D., Law College of Paris
Omer Yoruk
B.A., Robert College
LL.M., University of Istanbul

MASTER OF LAWS IN COMPARATIVE LAW

Thomas Preston Alexander
LL.B., Southern Methodist University
Hector Luis Arangu-Ospina
LL.B., Colegio Mayor de Nuestra Señora del Rosario
Pedro-Rafael Arevalo Trujillo
LL.B., Central University of Venezuela
Rene Fernando Bedoya
LL.B., Universidad de Buenes Aires
Juan Carlos Bustos Angeloz
LL.B., Universidad Nacional de Cordoba
Maria Marit Colorado
LL.B., S.J.D., University of Havana
Dirceu Romulo Contin
LL.B., Universidad do Parana
Hernando Gomez Otalora
LL.B., S.J.D., Universidad Javeriana

Alvaro Eduardo Larravide
LL.B., Universidad de la Republica Uruguay
Guido Loría Benavides
LL.B., Universidad de Costa Rica
German Martinez Bustos
LL.B., Universidad de Chile
Olavo Olayo Frankel
LL.B., Universidad Santa Cruz
Mariano Jesus Oteiza Pretelt
LL.B., University of Panama
Jorge Miguel Otero Lathrop
LL.B., University of Chile
Jorge Renzo
LL.B., Universidad de Buenos Aires
Geraldino Gamma Salles
LL.B., Faculdade de Direito de Santa Domingo
Alan Murray Sinclair
LL.B., Dalhousie University

HONORS

SUMMA CUM LAUDE
William Dewey Powell, Jr.

MAGNA CUM LAUDE
Hernando Gomez Otalora
Chitti Tingsababha

CUM LAUDE
Granville Orr Dutton
Jorge Miguel Otero Lathrop

Edward Reaugh Smith
Homer Wayne Wile
INSTITUTIONS REPRESENTED IN STUDENT BODY

Abilene Christian College ........................................ 2
Alabama Polytechnic Institute .................................... 1
American University .................................................. 1
American University of Beirut (Lebanon) .......................... 1
Amherst College ...................................................... 1
Antioch College ...................................................... 1
Antioquia University .................................................. 1
Areland University .................................................... 1
Arizona State College ................................................ 2
Arizona, University of ............................................... 5
Arkansas, University of ............................................. 1
Arlington State College ............................................... 1
Armstrong College .................................................... 1
Athens University (Greece) ......................................... 1
Augustana College (Ill.) .............................................. 4
Austin College ........................................................ 1
Baylor University ...................................................... 19
Boston College ........................................................ 1
Bradley University ..................................................... 1
Brigham Young University .......................................... 1
Brooklyn Law School .................................................. 1
California, University of ............................................. 3
Cairo University (Egypt) .............................................. 1
Calcutta University ................................................... 1
Case Institute of Technology ....................................... 1
Catholic University of Lima ........................................ 1
Centenary College ..................................................... 1
Central College (India) .............................................. 1
Chaffey Junior College .............................................. 1
Champlain College .................................................... 1
Chattanooga, University of ......................................... 1
Chicago-Kent College of Law ....................................... 2
Chicago, University of ............................................... 2
Chosun Christian University ....................................... 1
Chuo College .......................................................... 1
Cincinnati, University of ............................................ 1
Cisco Junior College .................................................. 1
City College of the City of New York ............................. 1
City of London College (England) .................................. 1
Clemson Agricultural College .................................... 1
Coffeyville Junior College ........................................ 1
Colegio Baptista Americano .......................................... 1
Minero (Brazil) ......................................................... 1
College of Law (Iraq) ................................................ 1
Colorado, University of ............................................. 16
Columbia University ................................................... 4
Concordia College .................................................... 1
Copiah-Lincoln Junior College ................................... 1
Cornell University .................................................... 2
Creighton University .................................................. 1
Dacca University (Pakistan) ....................................... 1
Dalhousie University (Canada) .................................. 1
Dartmouth College .................................................... 3
DePaul, University of ............................................... 3
Dickinson College ..................................................... 1
Drury University ...................................................... 1
Duke University ....................................................... 1
East Texas State College .......................................... 7
Elmira College ........................................................ 1
Erlangen, University of .............................................. 1

Facultad de Derecho (Bs. Aires) .................................. 1
Fenn College .......................................................... 1
Franklin-Marshall College ........................................ 2
Frank Phillips College .............................................. 1
George Peperdine College ......................................... 1
Georgetown University .............................................. 4
George Washington University .................................... 6
Georgia Teachers College .......................................... 1
Georgia, University of .............................................. 1
Gharmaat, University of (Thailand) .............................. 1
Glendale College ...................................................... 1
Government College .................................................. 1
(Bangalore, India) ................................................... 1
Grimmel College ...................................................... 1
Grove City College .................................................... 1
Hamburg, University of (Germany) ................................ 2
Hardin Junior College ............................................... 1
Hardin-Simmons University ....................................... 4
Harvard University .................................................... 4
Heidelberg, University of (Germany) ............................ 2
Henderson County Junior College .................................. 2
Henderson State Teachers College ................................ 2
Hendrix College ....................................................... 1
Houston, University of .............................................. 1
Howard County Junior College .................................... 1
Howard-Payne College .............................................. 1
Howard University .................................................... 1
Idaho, University of ................................................ 1
Illinois, University of ............................................... 1
Indiana, University of ............................................... 2
Iowa State Teachers College ..................................... 3
Iowa, University of .................................................. 1
Istanbul, University of (Turkey) ................................ 1
Jesuit College (Germany) ............................................ 1
John Brown University ............................................. 1
Jones County Junior College ...................................... 1
Kansas City, University of ........................................ 1
Kansas State College ................................................ 1
Kansas, University of ............................................... 6
Kemer Military School ................................................ 1
Kent State University ................................................. 1
Kligore College ....................................................... 5
Kyoto University (Japan) ............................................ 1
Lacson College ........................................................ 1
Lake Forest College .................................................. 1
Lamar State College ................................................... 1
of Technology .......................................................... 1
Lausanne, University of (Switzerland) ........................... 1
Little Rock Junior College ......................................... 1
London School of Economics ....................................... 1
Long Island University .............................................. 1
Loras College .......................................................... 1
Louisiana State University ........................................ 5
Louisville, University of .......................................... 1
Loyola University ..................................................... 1
McMurray College .................................................... 3
McMurry State College .............................................. 1
Manila, University of (Philippines) .............................. 1
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<td>Schreiner Institute</td>
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<td>Southeast Missouri State College</td>
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SUMMARY OF ENROLLMENT
FALL SEMESTER, 1957

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Total Enrollment: 479