THE SCHOOL OF LAW
Rules Governing Admission to the Bar in Texas

The principal rules governing admission to the bar in Texas may be summarized as follows:

1. Bar examinations are held in Austin, beginning on the fourth Monday in February, in June, and in October.
2. To be eligible for the examinations the applicant must be twenty-one years of age, a bona fide citizen of Texas and of the United States and a resident of Texas for not less than one year.
3. The applicant must have filed with the Board of Legal Examiners a declaration of intention to study law before beginning such study or within thirty days thereafter.
4. This declaration of intention must show credit for sixty semester-hours of work in a recognized college, or the equivalent thereof.
5. The candidate for admission shall file his application for permission to take the bar examinations with the Secretary of the Board of Legal Examiners not less than thirty days before the beginning of the examinations.
6. Such application shall show:
   (a) That the applicant has studied law in an approved school or with an approved attorney or law firm for not less than twenty-seven months; and
   (b) That he is a person of good moral character and honorable deportment.
7. The fee for the first examination is $20.00; for subsequent examinations it is $10.00.

For details concerning the rules and the course of study and for necessary blank forms, apply to the Secretary of the Board of Legal Examiners, Austin, Texas.

Resolution of the Dallas Bar Association

In November, 1937, the Bar Association of Dallas went a step further than paragraph 6 above, and resolved that after July 1, 1938, they would not certify to the Board of Legal Examiners for examination anyone who had not graduated from a law school that complies with the standards of the American Bar Association. These standards are, in brief, that the law school must:

1. Require not less than two years (60 semester-hours) of college work for admission;
2. Require three years of law study for graduation;
3. Have not fewer than three full-time teachers of law in its faculty; and
4. Have not fewer than 7,500 usable volumes in its law library.
THE SCHOOL OF LAW

The School of Law is a distinct school within the University and, subject to the general regulations governing the various schools, makes and administers its own rules with reference to admission and graduation. The faculty is composed of the duly elected members of the instructing staff.

Officers of the Faculty

UMPHREY LEE, Ph.D., D.D. .............................................. President since March 1, 1939
EUGENE BLAKE HAWK, B.D., D.D., LL.D. ................................

Acting President, September 1, 1938-March 1, 1939

CHARLES SHIRLEY POTTS, A.M., LL.B., S.J.D. ...................................... Dean
CLYDE EMERY, A.B., LL.B. .................................................. Assistant to the Dean
HERMAN R. KUEHNE, A.B., A.M. .................................................. Educational Director, Y.M.C.A.
WILLIAM ALEXANDER RHEA, A.B., LL.M. ........................................ Secretary of the Faculty

Full-Time Faculty

CHARLES SHIRLEY POTTS, A.M., LL.B., S.J.D. ...................................... Professor of Law
WILLIAM ALEXANDER RHEA, A.B., LL.B., LL.M. ...................................... Professor of Law
ROY WILLIAM McDoNALD, LL.B. ................................................... Professor of Law
ROY ROBERT Ray, A.B., LL.B., S.J.D.* ...................................... Assistant Professor of Law
CLYDE EMERY, A.B., LL.B. .................................................. Assistant Professor of Law
FRED A. DEWEY, A.B., J.D., LL.M. ................................................... Assistant Professor of Law
ROBERT BENTON LOWRY, B.S.L., LL.B. ...................................... Instructor in Law

Part-Time Faculty and Lecturers

GROVER CARROLL ADAMS, A.B., LL.B. ........................................... Evening Division
LLOYD E. ELLIOTT, LL.B. ................................................... Evening Division
DAVID ANTONIO FRANK, A.B., LL.B. ........................................... Day Division
SCOTT HUGHES, LL.B. ................................................... Evening Division
JAMES ALFORD KILGORE, A.B., LL.B. ........................................... Evening Division
HENRY PEYTON KUCERA, A.B., LL.B. ........................................... Evening Division
ROY CLIFFORD LEDBETTER, A.B., LL.B. ........................................... Day Division
LEWIS B. LEFKOWITZ, A.B., LL.B. ........................................... Day Division
CLAUDE RUE MILLER, LL.B. ........................................... Day Division
RAYMOND MERLIN MYERS, A.B., LL.B. ........................................... Day Division
JOHN ALLEN RAWLINS, LL.B. ........................................... Evening Division
LAWRENCE HERNDON RHEA, LL.B. ........................................... Day Division
ANDREW JOSEPH THUSS, LL.B. ........................................... Evening Division
HAROLD B. WRIGHT, A.B., LL.B. ........................................... Evening Division
DON WOODWARD .......................................................... Secretary, Day Division
MRS. JENNIE SMITH FOGEL ........................................... Secretary, Evening Division

History of the School of Law

The School of Law was established by resolution of the Board of Trustees on February 10, 1925. It was formally opened on the fifteenth of the following September with a faculty of two and a student body of twenty. Only first year courses were offered. An additional year’s work was added during each of the next two years, and the teaching staff correspondingly increased. The first class, consisting of twelve men and one woman, was graduated in June, 1928.

In 1927, at the end of its second year, the School of Law was placed on the list of law schools approved by the Council on

*Absent on leave, 1938-1939.
Legal Education of the American Bar Association. In 1929, at the end of its fourth year, the school was admitted to membership in the Association of American Law Schools. The recognition from these two great standardizing agencies, thus won early in its history, it has zealously sought to maintain and to deserve.

The Evening Division

During its first thirteen years the School of Law of Southern Methodist University operated only one division, the classes being held almost exclusively during the morning hours. In the meantime, as a result of the growing demand for evening study, two or three night law schools had come into existence in Dallas. Of these the strongest was established in 1925 by the Young Men's Christian Association, and was successfully operated under the name, "The Dallas School of Law." In the spring of 1938 an arrangement was made for the merger of this school with the School of Law of Southern Methodist University.

The merger agreement was drafted by a representative of the Council on Legal Education of the American Bar Association, and was fully approved by the Executive Committee of the Association of American Law Schools. By its terms the Dallas School of Law will, during the year 1939-1940, continue to be operated in the Y.M.C.A. building, but as the Evening Division of the School of Law of Southern Methodist University. The Educational Director of the Y.M.C.A. has charge of public relations and other administrative matters under the direction of the Dean, while the University selects the faculty and has control of the course of study and of the requirements for admission and graduation.

Where Classes Are Held

The Day Division is located in Dallas Hall on the campus of Southern Methodist University. The classrooms, the Law Library and reading room, and the offices of the law professors are all conveniently arranged on the third floor, and have the best possible light and air.

The classes for the Evening Division: Dallas School of Law are conducted at the downtown Y.M.C.A. building, 605 N. Ervay Street. This location should not be confused with that of "Dallas College of S. M. U.," which holds evening classes in Arts, Commerce, Engineering, and other fields, under the directorship of Professor G. O. Clough, at the Young Women's Christian Association building, at 1709 Jackson Street.

The Law Libraries

The library of the Day Division is located on the third floor of Dallas Hall, on the University campus. It contains about 16,000 well-selected volumes and is being added to constantly by purchase and donation. It is housed in its own rooms adjacent to the law classrooms, and is open from 8 a. m. to 10 p. m., except on Sun-
days. In addition, the law student has access to the general library of the University two floors below. The library of the Evening Division, consisting of more than 5,000 well-chosen volumes, is located in the Y.M.C.A. building, adjacent to the classrooms. In addition, the students at the Evening Division have access to the Law Library and the general library on the University campus.

**Length of the Law Course**

The law course in the Day Division, which requires substantially all of the student’s time, covers three long sessions, or two long sessions and three summer sessions. It may take a longer period if the student fails in some of his courses or accumulates an excess of D grades.

In the Evening Division, the law course requires a minimum of four long sessions of 36 weeks each, or an equivalent amount of time in long sessions and summer sessions combined. As explained below, the student who wishes to become a candidate for a degree must have completed two years of college work (60 semester-hours) before he is permitted to register in either division.

**Enrollment; Small Classes; Personal Contact**

Enrollment in the Day Division is about 80, and in the Evening Division about 160. As a result of the small enrollment in the Day Division, classes are small, varying in size from ten to fifty, as compared to classes of one hundred and fifty and up to two hundred in some of the larger law schools in this section of the country.

Such large classes constitute a serious handicap to effective law teaching, especially in schools where the “case-system” of instruction is in use. This system is *par excellence* the recitation-and-classroom-discussion method of instruction, and is deemed superior to all other methods. Large classes, by greatly reducing the number of opportunities for the individual student to “give a case” and to participate in the discussion, seriously hamper good teaching and reduce the value of the class-hour. On the other hand, in small classes the student is kept “on his toes” by the *probability* that he will be called on for a case and the *certainty* that he will have a chance to take part in the classroom discussion at every class period. In addition, small classes help to develop the close personal relations between teacher and student that constitute one of the most valuable features of law school training.

**Day Division to Be Preferred**

Prospective students are urged wherever possible to pursue their law studies in the Day Division. Preparation for the law as a profession is a serious business, and, to be well done, requires a large expenditure of time and energy. Obviously, then, evening study should be depended upon only by those whose circumstances will not permit them to attend the Day Division. Day classes
should be preferred even if the student has to spend a material part of his time in earning a portion of his expenses. Many day students work at filling stations, carry paper routes, wait on tables, and do odd jobs, as a means of “working their way through school.”

Scholarships and Other Helps

Two scholarships paying $62.50 per semester, donated by an alumnus, and two scholarships, paying $72.50 per semester, established by the Board of Trustees, are offered to graduates of senior colleges who expect to enter the School of Law, Day Division. These scholarships are awarded by the Dean of the School of Law on the basis of scholastic record and general effectiveness.

Application, on a blank furnished on request, accompanied by a transcript of the applicant’s college record and the names of three references, should be in the Dean’s hands by August 1.

Holders of Scholarships, 1938-1939

Alumni: Harvey Davis
Trustee: Cornelius Ryan
Arthur Goldberg

Expenses

1. Day Division.

Tuition per semester.................................................$115.00
Library deposit (payable one semester only and returnable less deductions for damages and fines).................................5.00
Medical fee (payable only by students who live on the campus, though others must furnish a certificate of good health from a reputable physician) ..............................................................3.00
Student Activity fee (assessed by the Students’ Association and covering athletic tickets, the student annual, semi-weekly newspaper, etc.) .................................................................12.00

Tuition is payable at the beginning of each semester, but arrangements may be made with the Business Manager to pay in four installments for a small carrying charge.

2. Evening Division.

Tuition per semester (payable by the month with 5% discount for a semester in advance) ............................................$ 67.50
Library deposit (payable one semester only and returnable less damages and fines)........................................................5.00
Student Activity fee (optional for students of the Evening Division) per semester............................................................12.00

Case Clubs and Student Activities

In the Day Division two clubs are maintained for the trial of moot questions of law. The student-attorneys submit carefully prepared briefs of the questions involved, and at a later time argue the cases orally before a judge or group of judges selected from the bench or bar. On Lawyers’ Day, April 21, the work culminates
in a contest for the Arthur A. Everts Award. Credit toward a degree not to exceed one semester-hour is allowed for satisfactory work in the case club.

In the Evening Division, the Barristers' Club holds frequent dinner-meetings, with addresses on live legal topics by prominent attorneys and others. In each division there is maintained a general organization of the students of the division for handling matters in which they are interested.

Requirements for Admission

1. Regular Students.
An applicant for admission as a regular student in the School of Law must be nineteen years of age or over, and must present evidence (1) that he is of good moral character, (2) that he has passed the medical examination, (3) that he has fulfilled the general entrance requirements of the University, and (4) that he has satisfactorily completed two full years in the College of Arts and Sciences, with credits amounting to at least 60 semester-hours, or the equivalent in another approved institution, with grade-points at least equal in number to the number of the semester-hours of credit offered, that is, with an average grade of C on all college work undertaken. This is the grade-average required for graduation from the College of Arts and Sciences.

While no particular college courses are prescribed, the following are recommended as furnishing a satisfactory foundation for law study:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Recommended Pre-Law Course</th>
<th>First Year</th>
<th>Second Year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>English Composition</td>
<td>6 hours</td>
<td>English Literature</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English History</td>
<td>6 hours</td>
<td>American History</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mathematics</td>
<td>6 hours</td>
<td>A second science</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Economics</td>
<td>6 hours</td>
<td>Government</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A natural science</td>
<td>6 hours</td>
<td>Accounting</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(If a foreign language is selected it should be Latin.)

The pre-law college work may be done in the College of Arts and Sciences of Southern Methodist University or in any college of recognized standing. Special attention is called to the fact that adequate pre-law training is provided by Dallas College of S.M.U., the evening school conducted by Southern Methodist University at the Young Women's Christian Association building at 1709 Jackson Street.

2. Special Students.
In rare cases, a person twenty-three years of age not meeting the foregoing requirements may be admitted as a special student, if he satisfies the Dean of the School of Law that he is of good moral character, possesses sufficient capacity, training, experience, and industry to profit by the instruction offered, and that he will not be a hindrance to the school. Such a person cannot receive credit toward a degree for the work done, and if his work proves
unsatisfactory, he will be dropped from the school. A special student who successfully completes the law course will be given a certificate so stating.

**Transfers from Other Law Schools**

An applicant who is qualified to enter the School of Law as a candidate for a degree, and who has satisfactorily completed a period of study in a law school that is a member of the Association of American Law Schools, or that has been placed on the approved list of the Council on Legal Education of the American Bar Association, may be given equivalent rank in this school upon presenting a properly authenticated certificate of such work. The right is reserved to give credit only on examination and to withdraw credit if the student's work is unsatisfactory.

**Requirements for Law Degree**

The degree of Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.) will be conferred upon a candidate therefor who has credit for 78 semester-hours of law work (72 semester-hours for the Evening Division), distributed over a period equal to three scholastic years for the Day Division, and four years for the Evening Division, who is of good moral character, and who has complied with the following conditions:

1. He must have been a resident at this school for at least one year next preceding the granting of the degree.
2. The work done during his last year must not have been counted toward a law degree elsewhere.
3. An average grade of at least C (70) must be made on all courses completed within the two semesters next preceding graduation. In computing this average there will be included each course in which the student shall have taken the final examination, regardless of whether credit for the course is necessary to make up the minimum requirement of semester-hours.
4. The total amount of D-grade work which a student may count toward a law degree in any one year, semester, or term, shall not exceed one-third of the total hours for which he was registered during the period involved.
5. The law degree will not be conferred upon anyone markedly deficient in English, nor upon anyone who has not completed all the prescribed courses.

Candidates for the LL.B. degree having the highest average grade, not to exceed ten per cent of the graduating class, may, by vote of the Law faculty, be awarded the degree *cum laude*. No one shall be eligible who shall have taken elsewhere more than one-third of the work offered for this degree. The average grade shall be based on work done in this school only; but to receive the degree *cum laude* a transfer from another college must have at least a B average (80 or above) in law courses in the school previously attended.

At the beginning of the second semester the faculty elects the
highest ten per cent of the senior class to membership in the local scholarship society known as the Order of the Woolsack.

Combination Course Leading to the A.B., or B.S. in Commerce, and the LL.B. Degree

A student by pursuing one of the schedules of study suggested below may secure a degree in the College of Arts and Sciences and a degree in the School of Law in six years in the Day Division, and seven years in the Evening Division, thus saving one year's time. To do this, he must, before applying for a degree, (1) satisfy the catalogue requirements for the college degree he desires, and (2) for the B.A. complete ninety semester-hours of college work and for the B.S. in Commerce complete ninety-two semester-hours of college work, at least thirty of which must be taken in Southern Methodist University. At the end of one year of satisfactory work in the School of Law in the Day Division, or three semesters in the Evening Division, he will be granted the college degree, and at the end of four more semesters in the Day Division, or five more semesters in the Evening Division, upon satisfying the requirements of the School of Law, he will be granted the LL.B. degree.

Recommended Schedule Leading to the A.B. and LL.B.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First Year</th>
<th>Second Year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>English Composition</td>
<td>6 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foreign language (Latin)</td>
<td>6 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mathematics</td>
<td>6 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A social science</td>
<td>6 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A natural science</td>
<td>6 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Third Year

English or Comparative Language | 6 hours
Government | 6 hours
American History | 6 hours
Religion | 6 hours
Accounting (or an elective) | 8 hours

Recommended Schedule for the B.S. in Commerce and LL.B.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First Year</th>
<th>Second Year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>English Composition</td>
<td>6 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mathematics</td>
<td>6 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A social science</td>
<td>6 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A natural science</td>
<td>6 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elective</td>
<td>6 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Third Year

American History | 6 hours
Commerce 53, 54 (Business Organization) | 6 hours
Finance 55, 56 (Money and Banking) | 6 hours
Religion | 6 hours
Elective in School of Commerce | 6 hours
NOTE: In order to take advantage of this combination course the student must take at least thirty hours of the foregoing work in Southern Methodist University, or in “Dallas College of S. M. U.,” the evening school conducted by the University at the Young Women’s Christian Association, 1709 Jackson Street.

Rules and Regulations

The School of Law has its own rules governing registration, changing courses, classroom attendance, quizzes and examinations, grades and reports, failures and continuance in the school, and graduation. These rules are kept posted on the official bulletin board and the student is charged with notice of them.

Admission to the Bar

Admission to the bar in Texas is now based exclusively on examinations given by the State Board of Legal Examiners, beginning on the fourth Monday of February, June, and October. The courses of study given below fairly cover the subjects on which the bar examinations are based. While some of these courses are not listed by name they are substantially covered under other names. For example, though no course called “Common Law” is offered, the pertinent parts of the common law are treated in practically every course in the curriculum. So, too, the bailments portion of “Bailments and Carriers” is treated in detail in the course in Personal Property, while the carriers portion is substantially treated in the course on Public Utilities. “Partnership” is largely covered in the courses in Agency and Private Corporations, or Business Organizations.

It is believed, therefore, that the student who has done his work in the law school with reasonable thoroughness should, after a general review, have no serious trouble in passing the bar examinations.

Reading Course

In addition to the courses offered in the curriculum given below, students in the School of Law are urged to pursue a course of selected reading designed to broaden their conception of the law as an agency of economic and social control. A selected list of books suitable for each class is kept posted on the official bulletin board.
THE CURRICULUM
1939-1940

Following are the courses of study for the Day Division and the Evening Division for the year 1939-1940. All courses in the first year are required. Other required courses are marked with an “R.” All courses are subject to change or to withdrawal without notice.

I. Day Division

FIRST YEAR

Actions. Two hours first semester. Mr. Lowry
Nature and forms of actions at law; the demurrer; fundamentals of procedure at law.

Agency. Three hours second semester. Mr. Emery
Rights and duties of principal and agent; rights of third persons; ratification; undisclosed principal; termination of agency.

Contracts. Three hours each semester. Mr. Lowry
Formation and performance of promissory undertakings in formal and informal business transactions, including breaches and legal remedies therefor.
Havinghurst, *Cases on Contracts*.

Criminal Law. Two hours each semester. Mr. Potts
Nature of crime; defenses; combinations of persons in crime; the study of specific crimes.
Harno, *Cases on Criminal Law*.
Potts, *Mimeographed Cases and Materials*.

Property I. Three hours first semester. Mr. Dewey
Introduction to real and personal property; feudal tenure; possessory and non-possessory estates; uses and the statute of uses; interest in chattels real and personal.
Fraser, *Cases and Reading on Property*, Vol. I.

Property II. Three hours second semester. Mr. Dewey
Original and descriptive titles to land; conveyances; descriptions; covenants; and priorities.
Kirkwood, *Cases on Conveyances*.

Torts. Three hours each semester. Mr. McDonald
Assault; battery; false imprisonment; trespass; negligence; legal cause; fraud and deceit; libel and slander; malicious prosecution.

Use of Law Books. One hour first semester. Mr. Lowry
Instruction in the use of a law library.
*Mimeographed materials*.

SECOND YEAR

Civil Procedure. (R.) Three hours each semester. Mr. McDonald
Pleading and practice in the courts of Texas.

Constitutional Law I. (R) Two hours first semester, three hours second semester. Mr. Potts
The American system of government; citizenship; foreign relations; taxation; regulation of commerce.
Equity. (R) Two hours first semester, three hours second semester.  
Mr. Lowry

General principles of equity procedure; specific performance of contractual undertakings; injunction against tort and crime; bills of peace; relationship of vendor and purchaser; fraud and mistake.
Walsh, Cases on Equity.

Personal Property. Three hours second semester.  Mr. Dewey

Real and personal property continued; possession; bailments; finders; liens; pledge; acquisition of ownership; fixtures; air, land and water.
Fraser, Cases and Readings on Property, Vol. II.

Texas Property. Three hours first semester.  Mr. W. A. Rhea

Distinctive features of Texas real property laws; adverse possession; community property; homestead and exemptions.
Rhea, Mimeographed Cases and Materials.

THIRD YEAR

Administrative Law. Two hours second semester.  Mr. Potts

Separation of powers; delegation of powers; administrative procedure; judicial control of administrative action.
Casebook to be selected.

Conflict of Laws. Three hours first semester.  Mr. Emery

Enforcement of rights created and obligations assumed in states other than the State of the forum; private international law.
Cheatham, Dowling, and Goodrich, Cases on Conflict of Laws.

Evidence. (R) Two hours each semester.  Mr. Ray

Presumptions; burden of proof; judicial notice; witnesses; hearsay rule; opinion evidence; circumstantial evidence; best evidence; parol evidence.

Future Interests. Three hours second semester.  Mr. W. A. Rhea

Future interests in property; reversions; remainders; executory interests; powers; perpetuities; illegal conditions and restraints.
Leach, Cases on Future Interests.

Municipal Corporations. Two hours second semester.  Mr. Potts

Formation, powers, duties and responsibilities of cities and other municipal bodies.
Casebook to be selected.
Not offered in 1939-1940.

Practice Court. (R) One hour second semester.  Mr. McDonald

Public Utilities. Three hours second semester.  Mr. Dewey

Duties and obligations of persons engaged in public callings; rate-making; public regulation.
Robinson, Cases on Public Utilities.
Not offered in 1939-1940.

COURSES OPEN TO SECOND AND THIRD-YEAR STUDENTS

Administration of Criminal Law. Two hours second semester.  Mr. Potts

Arrest; extradition; bail; grand jury indictment; defendant's pleading; jury trial; appeal; probation and parole.
Keedy, Cases on the Administration of Criminal Law.
Potts, Cases on Criminal Procedure in Texas.
Not offered in 1939-1940.
Administration of Estates. Two hours first semester.

Mr. W. A. Rhea

Jurisdiction and procedure in probate courts.
Casebook to be selected.

Bills and Notes. Three hours first semester.

Mr. Ray

Form and inception of bills of exchange and promissory notes; negotiation; liability of parties; discharge.
Smith and Moore, Cases on Bills and Notes, 3rd Edition.

Business Organizations. Four hours first semester. Mr. Dewey

Nature and formation of partnerships, corporations, limited partnerships, joint stock associations, and business trusts; rights, powers, duties and liabilities of the enterprise and its participants as a going concern; solvent dissolution.
Frey, Cases and Statutes on Business Associations.

Creditors' Rights. Four hours second semester. Mr. Lowry

Administration of estates of insolvent debtors; fraudulent conveyances; general assignments; receiverships; bankruptcies.
Not offered in 1939-1940.

Domestic Relations. Two hours second semester.

Mr. W. A. Rhea

Parent and child; infants' contracts and conveyances; husband and wife; breach of promise to marry; marriage and divorce.
Jacobs, Cases and Materials on Domestic Relations.

Insurance. Two hours first semester.

Mr. Ray

Life, accident, and property insurance; creation of the relation of insurer and insured; insurable interest; rights, powers, and remedies of the parties; facts operating to mature the policy.
Casebook to be selected.

Mortgages. Three hours second semester.

Mr. Ledbetter

Mortgage and deed of trust distinguished; rights of the parties; duties of the trustee; foreclosure; equity of redemption.
Casebook to be selected.
Not offered in 1939-1940.

Sales. Two hours first semester.

Transfer of title to personal property; effect of fraud; rights and remedies of parties; warranties.
Williston and McCurdy, Cases on Sales.
Not offered in 1939-1940.

Taxation. Three hours second semester.

Mr. Lefkowitz

Legitimate purposes of taxation; general property tax and tax administration; excise, inheritance, and income taxes.
Magill and Maguire, Cases on Taxation, 2nd Edition.

Trusts. Three hours first semester.

The nature, creation, and essential elements of express trusts, both private and charitable; resulting and constructive trusts; administration of trusts.
Scott, Cases on Trusts.

Wills. Two hours first semester.

Mr. W. A. Rhea

Testamentary capacity; execution of wills; fraud and mistake; undue influence; revocation.
Mechem and Atkinson, Cases on Wills and Administration.
Not offered in 1939-1940.
Abstracts. Credit one semester-hour. MR. LAWRENCE H. RHEA
An hour-and-a-half lecture one evening a week for ten weeks, in spring.
Mimeographed materials.

Oil and Gas Law. Credit one semester-hour. MR. MYERS
An hour-and-a-half lecture one evening a week for ten weeks, in winter.
Selected materials.

Preparation of Legal Instruments. Credit one semester-hour. MR. FRANK
An hour-and-a-half lecture one evening a week for ten weeks, in fall.
Mimeographed materials.
Not offered in 1939-1940.

Workmen’s Compensation. Credit one semester-hour. MR. MILLER
An hour-and-a-half lecture one evening a week for ten weeks, in fall.
Selected materials.

II. Evening Division

As the description of the courses to be given in the Evening Division and the casebooks to be used are substantially the same as those given above for the Day Division it is not necessary to repeat them here. The table on the opposite page presents in compact form the courses given during each semester of each year, together with the value of each course, the day of the week on which it is given and the instructor by whom it is given:

(See table on page 233.)

SUMMER COURSES IN LAW
1939

A twelve weeks’ course in law is offered. The first term begins June 7, 1939, and ends July 18. The second term extends from July 19 to August 26.

For special summer school folder, giving the courses offered, instructors, and expenses, write to or call:

For The Day Division
School of Law
S. M. U., Dallas
Phone 5-2141

For The Evening Division
Dallas School of Law
Y. M. C. A., Dallas
Phone 7-8341
## CURRICULUM AND CLASS SCHEDULE

### First Year

#### First Semester
- **Monday**
  - Torts, 3 hours...  
  - Mr. Ray
- **Wednesday**
  - Actions, 2 hours...  
  - Mr. Wright
- **Wednesday**
  - Legal Bibliography, 1 hour...  
  - Mr. Wright
- **Friday**
  - Contracts, 3 hours...  
  - Mr. Lowry

#### Second Semester
- **Monday**
  - Torts, 3 hours...  
  - Mr. Ray
- **Wednesday**
  - Personal Property, 3 hours...  
  - Mr. Hughes
- **Wednesday**
  - Contracts, 3 hours...  
  - Mr. Lowry

### Second Year

#### Monday
- Domestic Relations, 3 hours...  
  - Mr. Kilgore
- Criminal Law and Procedure, 3 hrs...  
  - Mr. Adams
- Property I, 3 hours...  
  - Mr. Dewey

#### Wednesday
- Equity, 3 hours...  
  - Mr. Lowry
- Agency, 3 hours...  
  - Mr. Emery
- Property II, 3 hours...  
  - Mr. Dewey

### Third and Fourth Years

(To be taken in 1939-1940 by both Third and Fourth-Year students.)

#### Monday
- Civil Procedure, 3 hours...  
  - Mr. McDonald

#### Wednesday
- Business Organizations, 3 hours...  
  - Mr. Emery

#### Friday
- Evidence, 3 hours...  
  - Mr. Ray
- Insurance, 3 hours...  
  - Mr. Elliott

(Not to be offered in 1939-1940.)

#### Monday
- Public Utilities, 3 hours...  
  - Mr. Dewey

#### Wednesday
- Municipal Corporations, 3 hours...  
  - Mr. Kucera

#### Friday
- Constitutional Law, 2 hours...  
  - Mr. Potts
- Oil and Gas Law, 1 hour...  
  - Mr. Myers
- Oil and Gas Law, 1 hour...  
  - Mr. Rhea

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Note: The schedule above is a simplified representation of the document content.