far the most widespread and common of the three found in Texas, occurring throughout the state. It apparently replaces var. *canadensis* through much of the Southwest; specimens of it (but none of var. *canadensis*) are at hand from Oklahoma, New Mexico, and Utah.


REFERENCES


Note

*CASSIA Orcuttii* (Britton & Rose) Turner, comb. nov.—*Peiranisia Orcuttii* Britton & Rose, N. Amer. Fl. 23: 267. 1930. The type locality for this plant is given as “near Sanderson, Texas.” It resembles *C. Lindheimeriana* Scheele very closely, but is separated from that species primarily by its fruit characters. *C. Orcuttii* has a nearly glabrous legume 6-10 cm. long, whereas *C. Lindheimeriana* has a pubescent one 3-6 cm. long. Recent collections of *C. Orcuttii* have been made only in the Del Norte Mts., Brewster Co.—B. L. TURNER, Graduate Student, Southern Methodist University, Dallas.