Texas, so this makes another new skipper record for Mexico. The addition of these three species increases the list of Hesperioidea that have been collected in Mexico to 482 species.

NOTE

Pinaropappus roseus var. foliosus (Heller) Shinners, comb. nov.—Pinaropappus foliosus Heller, nomen nudum on printed exsiccatae labels of J. C. Blumer 1871, Barfoot Park, Chiricahua Mountains, Arizona, July 30, 1907 (TYPE in Herb. Chicago Natural History Museum; duplicates widely distributed). A species differs in having stems leafy above the middle, and leafy branches; leaves up to 12 cm. long. In typical *P. roseus* the stems are simple or little branched, the leaves up to 8 cm. long and mostly crowded near the stem base. Additional collections of *P. roseus* var. *foliosus* examined:


The above is the only new name found necessary for a revision of the small genus *Pinaropappus* Less., begun several years ago. Since completion of the revision has been delayed by press of other work, it seemed desirable to put the above into print. The known species of the genus are as follows:


Herbaria indicated by abbreviations are those of the University of California (C), Chicago Natural History (Field) Museum (F), Gray Herbarium (G), Missouri Botanical Garden (Mo), New York Botanical Garden (NY), and United States National Herbarium (US).—Lloyd H. Shinners.

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