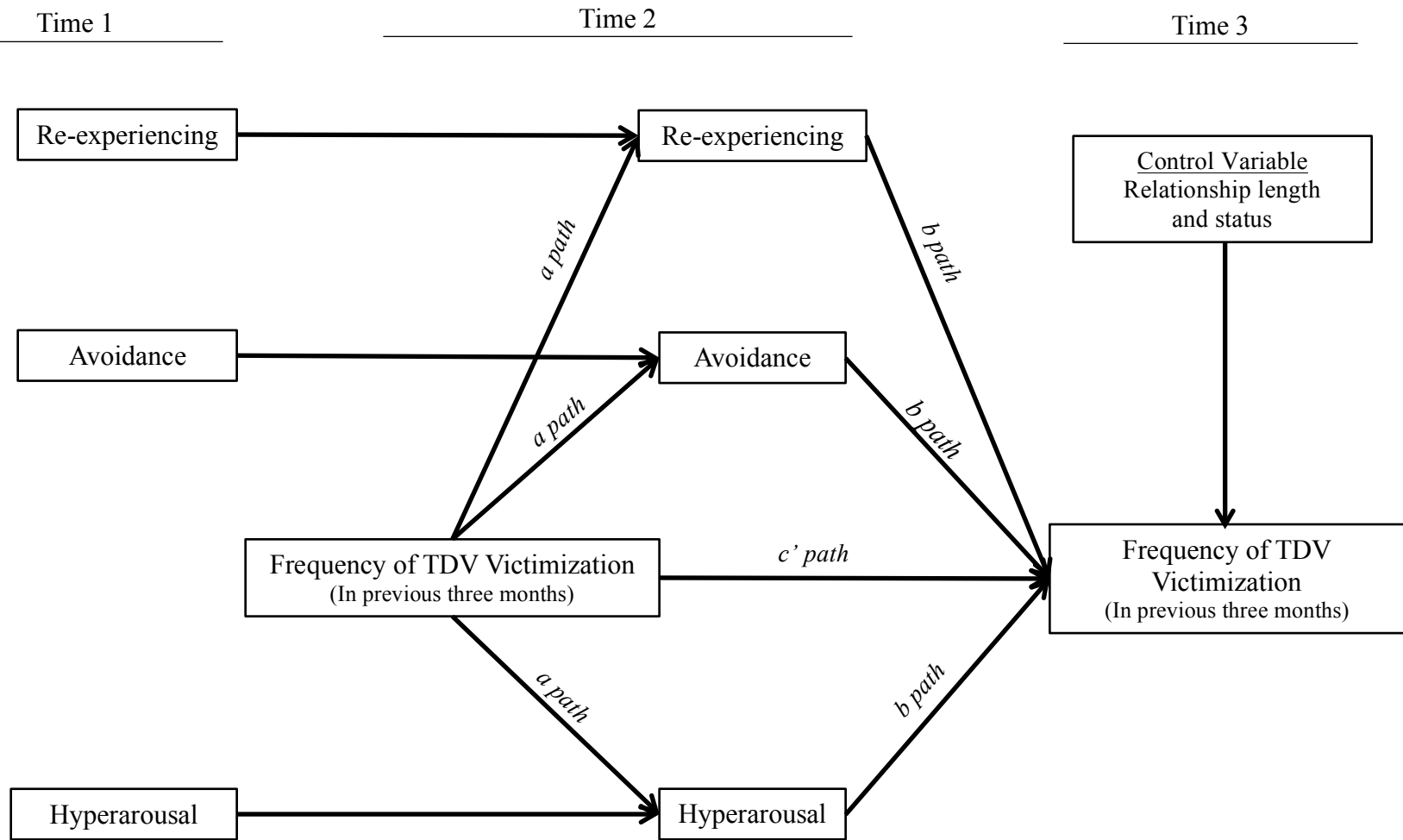


Figure 1.



Note. The control variables, relationship length and status, were included in the pathways predicting frequency of TDV victimization at time 3.

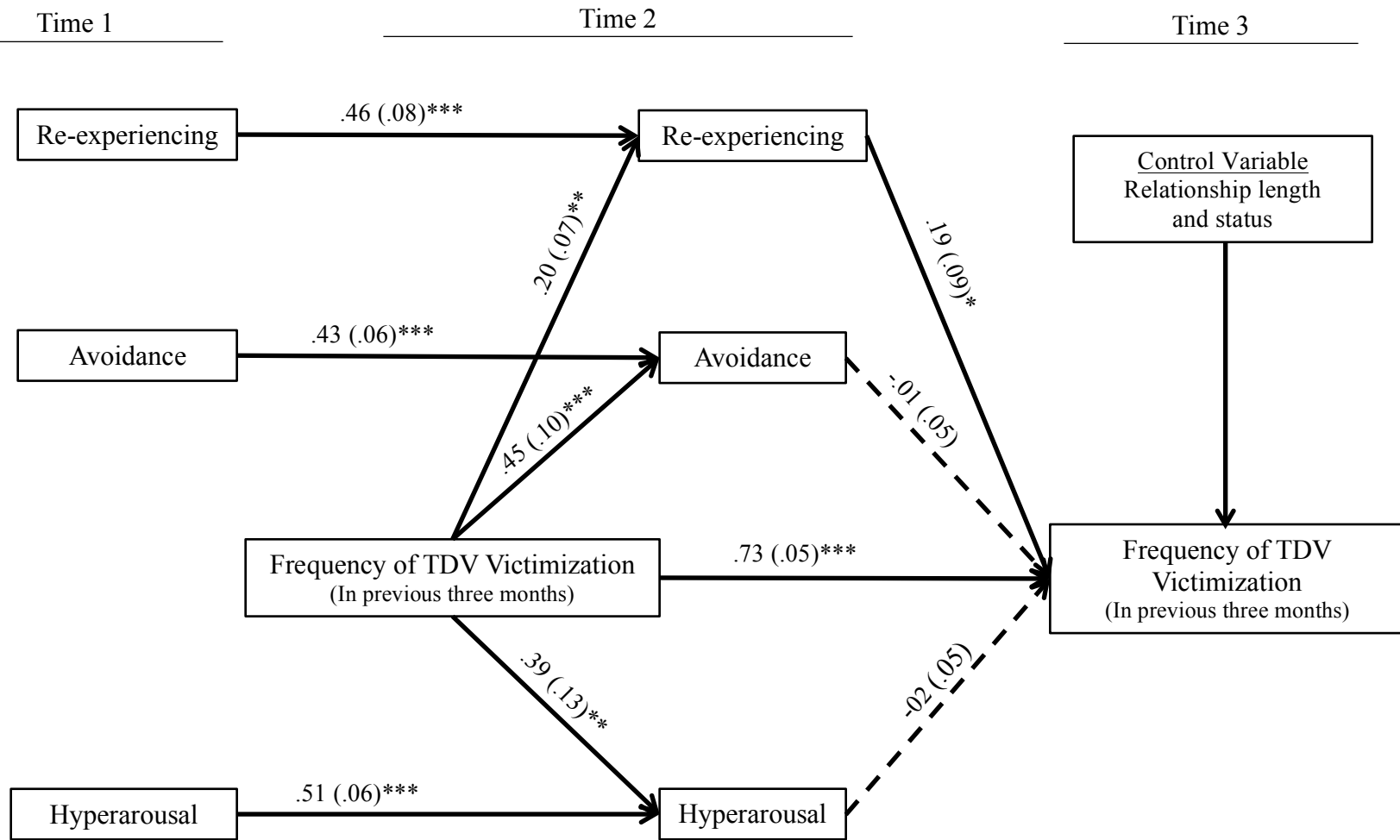
Table 1

Means, Standard Deviations, and Correlations among Study Variables (n = 104)

<i>Variable</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>4</i>	<i>5</i>	<i>6</i>	<i>7</i>	<i>8</i>	<i>Mean (SD)</i>
1. TDV Victimization t ₂	—								9.07 (2.70)
2. TDV Victimization t ₃	.83**	—							8.90 (2.43)
3. Re-experiencing t ₁	.07	.11	—						2.47 (2.37)
4. Avoidance t ₁	.15	.19	.52**	—					5.07 (4.65)
5. Hyperarousal t ₁	.11	.13	.77**	.65**	—				6.44 (5.54)
6. Re-experiencing t ₂	.27**	.36**	.50**	.35**	.33**	—			2.18 (2.22)
7. Avoidance t ₂	.41**	.32**	.41**	.58**	.46**	.61**	—		3.56 (3.74)
8. Hyperarousal t ₂	.29**	-.13	.52**	.46**	.62**	.72**	.69**	—	5.46 (4.73)
9. Relationship Length t ₃	-.11	-.03	.06	-.22*	-.03	.15	-.11	-.03	27.66 (34.40)

Note. t₁ = first assessment; t₂ = second assessment ; t₃ = third assessment. **p* < .05, ***p* < .01.

Figure 2.



Note. The control variables, relationship length and status, were included in the pathways predicting frequency of TDV victimization at time 3. at every path of the model. Unstandardized coefficients and standard errors are reported. Solid lines reflect statistically significant path coefficients. *** $p < .001$ ** $p < .01$ * $p < .05$